

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

THE LABOUR FORCE **AUSTRALIA**

JANUARY 1987

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.

- 2. Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for about fifty regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. For details, see the list of related publications provided in paragraph 68.
- 3. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary* (6202.0).
- 4. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

The population survey

5. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 35,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week).

Scope

- 6. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
 - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
 - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
 - (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
 - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependents) stationed in Australia.

Definitions

- 7. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on the actual activity undertaken during the survey week (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.). The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Office (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.
- 8. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:
 - (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
 - (b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
 - (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
 - (d) were employers, self-employed persons or unpaid family helpers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- 9. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.
- 10. Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculations.

- 11. The employment/population ratio for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
- 12. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and
 - (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
 - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week);
 - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- 13. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.
- 14. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
- 15. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.
- 16. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was stood down to the end of the survey week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups,

- one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
- 17. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November.
- 18. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
- 19. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation. Specific surveys of persons not in the labour force indicate that a number want to work but are not classified as unemployed because they were not actively looking for work and/or were not available to begin work in the survey week. Included in this group are the discouraged jobseekers and other persons marginally attached to the labour force.
- 20. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain information about school attendance or birthplace for persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by school attendance or birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.
- 21. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.
- 22. Persons classified by labour force status are classified according to whether or not they are in the labour force. Persons in the labour force classified by employment status are classified according to whether they are employed or unemployed. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include tables showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by status of worker i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers.

- 23. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1983 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986 (1222.0).
- 24. Occupational data classified to ASCO was introduced for the August 1986 survey, replacing the Classification and Classified List of Occupations (CCLO), Revised November 1980 used in previous surveys. The new classification relies on the level and specialisation of skill required to satisfactorily perform primary tasks as its classificatory variable and is therefore significantly different from the previous classification. The appendix in the August 1986 issue of this publication contains a more detailed explanation of the concepts and structure underlying the classification.
- 25. A matrix of the two classifications at the broadest classification level (Major Group) was given in Table 41 of the August 1986 issue of this publication. The estimates contained in the matrix were derived from a subsample of respondents in the May 1986 Labour Force Survey. The responses to questions on the occupations of employed persons were coded to both ASCO and CCLO classifications and the matrix was produced by cross-classifying ASCO Major Groups by CCLO Major Groups. A similar matrix, but on the basis of Minor Groups, is available also. More information is available on request from the contact officer whose name appears on the front of this publication.
- 26. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. Marital status is determined from information supplied by the respondent about the individual himself or herself and, where the person was reported as being married, about the living arrangements of persons usually resident in the household. Marital status does not therefore necessarily reflect legal status. Persons are classified as married if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household. Persons who live in a de facto relationship but do not volunteer this information when asked whether they are married are classified as not married. For discontinuities in estimates of marital status, see paragraph 41.
- 27. The determination of family relationships and composition is complex, involving many factors. The following description outlines the major principles used for this survey. A family is defined to consist of two or more related persons usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head (as defined in paragraph 29) together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them:
 - (a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present;
 - (b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or

- (c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.
- 28. The following points should be noted in relation to the definition of a family in the previous paragraph:
 - (a) the term *relationship* includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption;
 - (b) a family, as defined, can contain no more than two married persons, and can contain two married persons only if these persons are husband and wife (referred to as married-couple families);
 - (c) other families are families other than married-couple families as defined above. From the definition of married and not married in paragraph 26 it can be seen that the heads of other families must, by definition, be not married. In addition to one-parent families, this category includes families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister;
 - (d) persons are defined as not a member of a family if they are not related to any other member of the household in which they are living. A person is considered to be living alone if he or she is the sole member of a household. Thus, a person who is the sole occupant of a self-contained flat attached to another dwelling is considered to be living alone;
 - (e) the terms usually reside and present are synonomous, and refer to persons who were identified by the respondent as usual residents of the household at the time of the survey.
- 29. The family head of an other family is the parent in the case of a one-parent family or, in the case of other groups of related persons, is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. No family head is defined for a married-couple family.
- 30. Dependents (previously described as dependent children) comprise all family members under 15 years of age; all family members aged 15 to 19 attending school; and all family members aged 15 to 24 who are full-time students at a tertiary or further educational institution.
- 31. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 30 June 1981, Persons and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

Population benchmarks

32. Labour force survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-

enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. The independent population statistics (benchmarks) are the latest available estimates at the time the labour force survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (3101.0) because they are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes.

Revision of series

- 33. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to February 1978 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates which take account of results of the 1981 Census. Revised estimates back to February 1978 are shown in an appendix to the February 1986 issue of this publication. The next issue of *The Labour Force, Australia, Historical Summary, 1966 to 1984* (6204.0), planned for release early in 1987, will contain more detailed cross-classifications of revised estimates back to February 1978.
- 34. Following the change in official population estimates to a place of usual residence basis after the 1981 Census, the population benchmarks used in the estimation of labour force survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the new conceptual basis of population estimates see Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates (3216.0). To coordinate with the new benchmarks, the labour force survey questionnaire was changed in October 1982 to enable identification of each respondent's place of usual residence. The estimates shown in this publication are thus wholly according to place of usual residence. Prior to October 1982, the estimates are based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence. Persons who are away overseas from their usual residence for less than six weeks at the time of interview are generally enumerated at their usual residence when relevant information can be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for six weeks or more but for less than twelve months are included in the estimates on the assumption that their labour force characteristics are similar to those of the persons responding in the survey.
- 35. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis.
- 36. The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised a number of times, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984 and June 1986.

- 37. The latest revision to the questionnaire, in April 1986, follows the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers). This new definition aligns the Australian labour force concepts with a set of changed international definitions adopted by the International Labour Office at the 13th Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.
- 38. Previously, such persons who worked I to 14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. From the April 1986 issue, all estimates shown in this publication are now based on the new definition.
- 39. A revised procedure for weighting of families estimates as presented in this publication was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 64 contains more details.

Comparability of series

- 40. As noted in paragraphs 33 and 34, estimates from February 1978 have been revised to conform to revised population estimates and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to February 1978 which have not been revised. The appendix to the February 1984 issue of this publication contains adjustment factors enabling users to calculate the expected effect of the revisions to estimates for periods prior to February 1978.
- Paragraph 26 outlines the definition of marital status now used in the labour force survey. In conjunction with the revision of estimates back to February 1978 to conform to revised population estimates, a revision to take account of the new definition of marital status was also applied. Consequently, estimates of marital status contained in this publication are not comparable with estimates published before the February 1984 issue which classified as married all respondents who reported that they were married or separated. The revision to the marital status classification was undertaken in two parts. Firstly, for all surveys from February 1978, persons who reported that they were separated, were reclassified as not married. Secondly, from June 1983 onwards, in addition to including persons reported as separated, the notmarried category includes persons who although reported as married, did not, at the time of the survey, have a spouse who was a usual resident of the household.
- 42. Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly survey of employment and earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The labour force survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the survey of employment and earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by people. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in *Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings* (6263.0).

Survey sample

- 43. For detailed information on sample design and selection see the Technical note in *The Labour Force*, Australia, 1978 (6204.0).
- 44. The population survey sample is reselected every five years to allow data from the latest census of population and housing to be used to improve the efficiency of the population survey sample design. The latest reselection, which used data from the 1981 Census, was introduced for the October 1982 survey.
- 45. The sampling fraction differs for States and Territories. This enables estimates of reasonable accuracy to be produced from all States and Territories as well as for Australia. Sampling fractions for each State and Territory are as follows: New South Wales and Victoria, 1 in 200; Queensland, 1 in 140; Western Australia, South Australia, Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory, 1 in 100; and Tasmania, 1 in 60.

Reliability of the estimates

- 46. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
 - (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note; and
 - (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between population census and population survey estimates

- 47. The results of the 1981 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the labour force surveys.
- 48. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the survey. However there are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include underenumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the labour force survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 32), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach

- adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.
- 49. The labour force survey provides detailed and upto-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia and States, whereas the census of population and housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.
- 50. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

51. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Table 2. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1986, revised the monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 were published in an appendix to the February 1986 issue of this publication.

Month-to-month movements

52. Care should be taken in the interpretation of monthto-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 46. Particular care should be taken in the interpretation of the seasonally adjusted series in this publication, as a short-term movement cannot be assumed to indicate a change in trend.

Gross flows

- 53. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
- 54. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.
- 55. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.

- 56. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.
- 57. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.
- 58. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
- 59. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.
- 60. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

Labour force status and other characteristics of families

- 61. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their family status and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children aged 0-14 present, and from the May 1986 issue onwards, the number of dependent children present.
- 62. Because of the coverage rules of the population survey which associate persons with particular dwellings so that each person has an equal chance of selection in the survey, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, caravan parks, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is most difficult. Thus, family information is not obtained for the following persons:
 - (a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and

- (b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.
- 63. In addition, in those private dwellings where it is not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information is recorded. Thus the family characteristics of persons living in families which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are not determined because family information can not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly families which at the time of the survey have one or more of their members away from the usual residence, are also excluded from family determination. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information can not be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, family status is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.
- 64. Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a new weighting procedure where the family weight is determined using an average of all family members responding to the labour force survey. Previously, the family weight used to publish estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.
- 65. Revised data for March using the new weighting of families and the revised definition of employed persons were shown in the April 1986 issue of this publication. Comparisons can thus be made between these March 1986 estimates and those published in the March 1986 issue which used the old family weight and were based on the old definition of employed persons. Revised data for March using the new family weighting based on the old definition of employed persons, and the old family weight based on the new definition of employed persons, are available on request.

Additional data

66. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

Employed persons—
Industry and occupation—
Full-time and part-time workers
Status of worker
Age and birthplace
Hours worked
Industry by occupation
Industry subdivisions
Major and minor occupation groups

67. In some cases, the ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, data tape, computer printout, manually-extracted tabulation. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries

should be made to the officer whose name appears in the *Phone Inquiries* section of the inquiries box at the front of this publication, or to Information Services in the nearest ABS Office.

Related publications

68. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force (Including Regional Estimates), New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2)—issued quarterly

Information Paper, Victorian Labour Force Statistics (6262.2)

The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force: Regional Estimates, Queensland (6204.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Regional Estimates, Western Australia (6201.5)— issued quarterly

Labour Force Statistics, Tasmania 1985 (6201.6)

Monthly Summary of Statistics, Tasmania (1303.6)—issued monthly

Labour Statistics, Australia, 1985 (6101.0)—issued annually

A Guide to Labour Statistics (6102.0)

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, June 1986 (6232.0)

Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0)—issued quarterly

Persons not in the Labour Force, Australia (6220.0)—issued twice-yearly

Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia July 1985 (6224.0)—issued annually

Social Indicators No. 4, 1984 (4101.0)

Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates From the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0)

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Symbols and other usages

- subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
- .. not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
 - r revised
- 70. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

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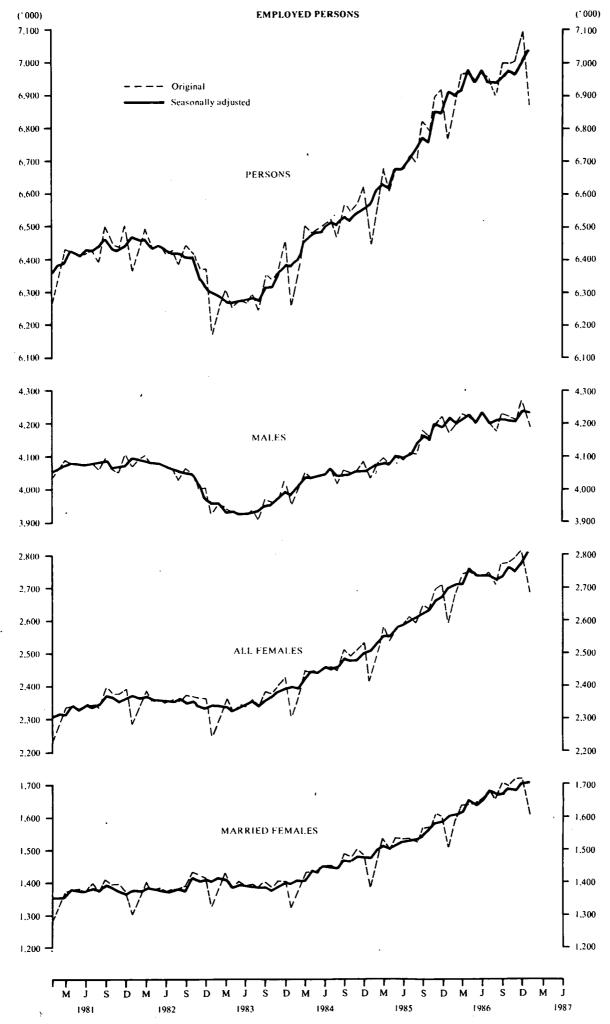
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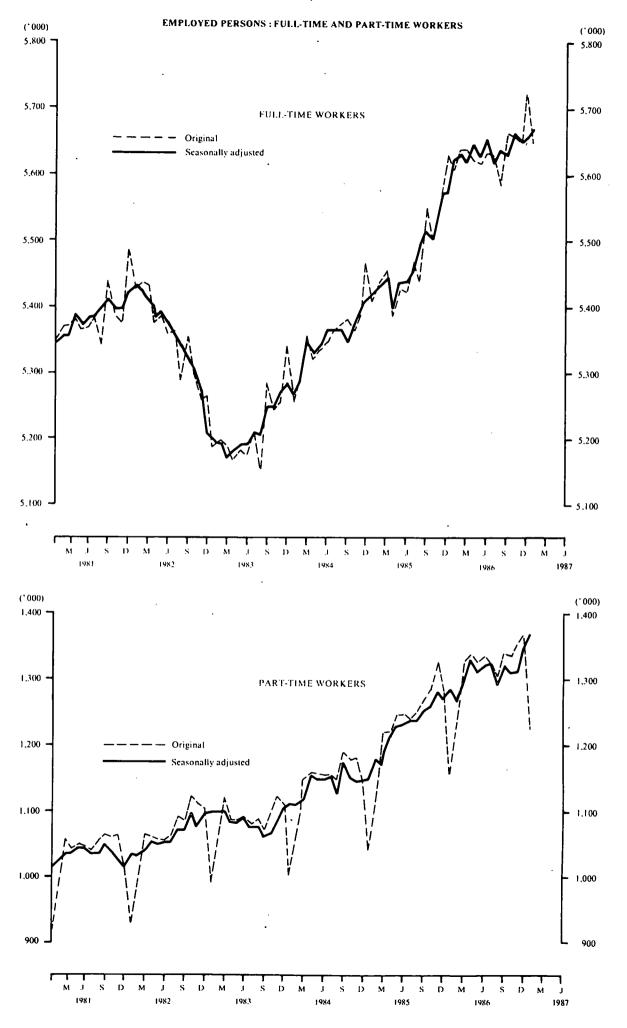
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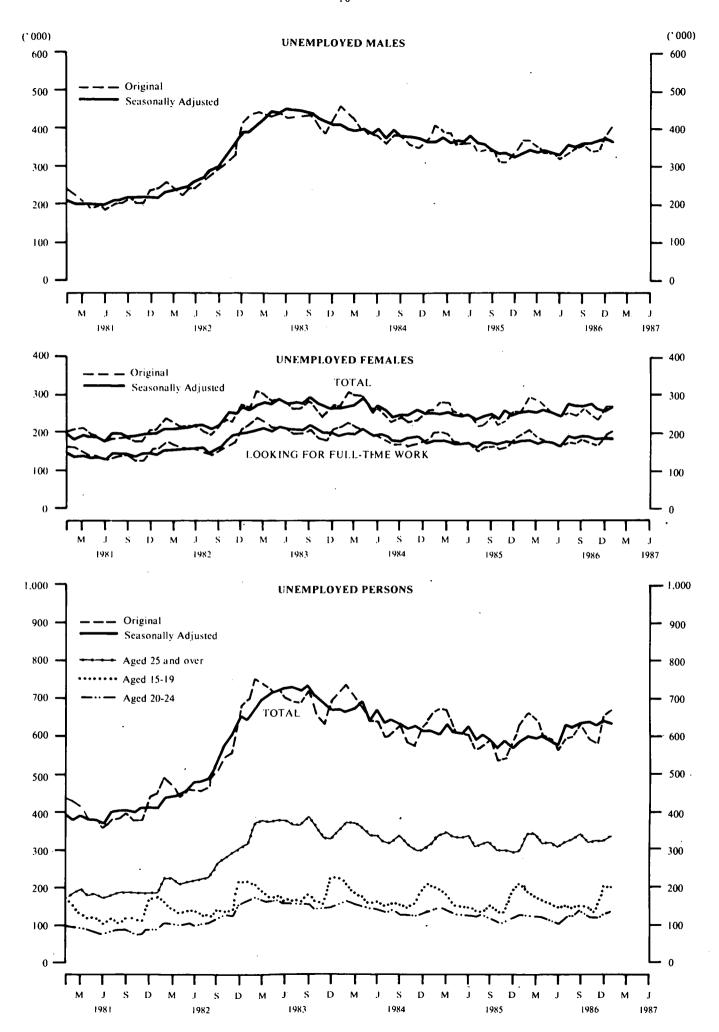
Further information is available on (062) 52 5404.

IAN CASTLES
Australian Statistician









TABLES

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Unemployed

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Looking for full-time work

Aged Looking Civilian popula-15-19 looking for part-Employed tion aged 15 Unemp-loyment Not in Full-time for time Labour pation Month Total first job workers Total Total force force and over rate rate '000 -- per cent -MALES 1. 1985 -December 3,952.6 4,215.1 39.3 301.3 30.9 332.2 4,547.3 1,389.1 5,936.4 76.6 1986 -January 1,407.9 1,400.6 1,395.5 1,422.1 1,447.1 1,444.1 3,923.8 45.3 39.2 29.9 21.4 18.8 329.9 337.7 311.9 305.5 35.0 4,539.2 4,557.1 4,572.7 4,555.8 5,947.2 5,957.7 364.8 8.0 76.3 76.5 February March 3,937.7 4,191.1 4,223.5 4,217.2 4,204.1 366.0 349.2 338.7 28.4 37.3 33.2 27.6 27.0 24.3 28.1 29.3 26.1 24.8 7.6 7.4 7.4 7.0 7.5 7.7 5,968.2 5,977.9 5,987.6 5,997.3 76.6 76.2 April May 3,914.6 3,914.3 305.5 308.8 292.9 317.4 319.9 333.2 315.0 338.7 336.4 320.0 341.7 348.0 362.5 341.0 344.8 4,555.8 4,540.5 4,553.2 4,546.4 4,527.8 4,599.7 4,564.9 4,553.8 June July 3,950.7 3,927.7 3,901.6 3,955.8 3,944.0 3,930.9 18.5 20.6 17.5 16.9 17.2 75.8 75.9 4,233.2 4,204.7 4,179.8 4,237.2 6,009.0 August September 1,492.4 1,431.8 1,479.3 1,503.0 6,020.2 6,031.5 6,044.2 7.9 7.5 76.3 75.5 October November 6,056.8 6,069.5 December 3,984.3 4,273.3 34.9 348.3 37.2 1987 -Janua ry 3,929.0 4,193.6 35.0 370.8 31.7 402.4 4,596.1 1,484.8 6,080.9 8.8 75.6 Standard error of -January 1987 estimates Dec 86 to Jan 87 movements 15.3 15.6 2.5 6.7 2.4 6.9 16.1 11.1 0.2 0.3 12.7 13.1 2.2 5.2 2.2 13.5 0.1 0.2 MARRIED FEMALES 1985 -1 859.7 Decembe r 1,600.1 49.8 37.4 1,687.3 1,940.2 3,627.5 5.2 46.5 1986 -January 52.0 65.9 61.9 61.3 60.9 1,587.4 1,702.0 1,758.7 1,755.7 1,751.3 1,759.7 1,785.7 1,509.0 1,587.7 1,643.9 26.4 48.4 53.0 47.9 42.8 2,055.1 1,939.8 1,896.0 1,906.4 1,907.1 849.5 3,642.5 3,641.8 3,654.7 3,662.1 3,658.4 4.9 6.7 6.5 6.2 5.9 5.7 43.6 46.7 February March 870.1 882.0 114.3 48.1 April May 890.4 888.0 1,646.5 109.2 may June July 42.6 44.3 41.1 40.3 47.9 44.3 36.7 31.9 55.6 59.2 51.8 57.2 55.7 52.6 56.2 1,907.1 1,921.9 1,902.7 1,957.6 1,905.5 1,906.1 1,911.4 1,931.7 1,659.8 1,685.4 3,681.6 3,688.4 3,701.1 880.8 902.9 99.9 100.3 5.6 5.3 5.8 5.6 48.4 47.1 1,651.4 1,702.2 1,697.3 August September 881.2 910.5 92.2 105.2 100.1 89.3 88.2 1,807.4 1,797.4 1,805.9 3,712.8 3,703.4 48.7 48.5 October November 912.1 906.8 916.6 1,716.6 1,717.0 3,717.3 4.9 48.6 48.3 December 1.805.2 1987 -January 901.3 1,603.9 56.9 27.9 84.8 1,688.7 2.057.7 3.746.4 5.0 45.1 Standard error of -January 1987 January 1987
estimates
Dec 86 to Jan 87
movements 9.3 11.4 0.3 3.1 2.3 3.7 11.6 12.4 0.2 0.3 7.3 9.3 2.6 2.1 3.1 9.5 9.9 0.2 0.3

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER (continued)

Unemployed

Looking for full-time work Aged Looking Civilian popula-15-19 looking for part-time Employed tion aged 15 Unemp-loyment Not in Partici-pation Labour Full-time for labour Total first job Total Month Total work force force and over rate rate '000 - per cent -ALL FEMALES 1985 -73.3 3,167.7 6,123.2 8.5 48.3 1,686.4 2,703.7 32.5 178.4 251.7 2,955.4 December 2,837.9 2,971.5 3,023.3 3,013.2 2,996.2 2,981.4 3,006.1 2,953.6 3,039.5 6,133.2 6,143.4 6,153.6 6,163.4 56.4 85.7 95.7 88.6 3,295.3 3,171.9 46.3 48.4 1,679.8 2,587.7 January 250.2 292.5 285.5 268.2 255.8 241.9 252.4 247.6 269.1 206.8 189.7 179.6 174.5 1,701.1 1,699.2 1,705.5 1,701.6 2,679.1 2,737.9 2,744.9 2,740.4 33.4 27.2 17.1 20.0 February March 3,130.2 3,150.2 3,177.1 3,201.9 9.4 49.1 48.9 April May 6,173.3 8.5 48.5 48.2 81.3 77.8 78.9 76.9 84.7 may June July 2,740.4 2,739.5 2,753.7 2,705.9 2,770.4 2,776.5 2,798.0 164.1 173.5 170.8 184.4 17.3 3,201.9 3,189.4 3,253.1 3,178.5 3,205.2 3,207.1 3,167.7 6,195.5 6,206.7 6,218.0 6,230.7 8.4 8.4 8.9 8.2 48.5 47.6 48.9 48.6 August September October November 1,680.7 1,711.2 1,717.9 1,716.7 19.5 14.9 171.0 169.1 197.4 16.5 18.5 78.1 69.3 249.1 238.4 3,025.6 3,036.4 6,243.5 7.9 8.7 December 1.739.7 2.818.7 30.4 72.6 269.9 3,088.6 1987 -6,267.9 204.2 64.7 269.0 2,953.6 3,314.3 47.1 1.719.8 2.684.6 35.3 January Standard error of -January 1987 estimates 11.7 13.5 2.5 5.3 3.3 5.9 14.0 14.5 0.2 0.2 Dec 86 to Jan 87 movements 0.2 0.2 11.6 11.9 2.2 4.2 2.8 4.7 ٠. 9.3 11.2 PERSONS 1985 -December 5,638.9 6,918.9 71.9 479.7 104.2 583.9 7.502.7 4.556.9 12,059.6 7.8 62.2 1986 -January 83.3 72.6 57.1 38.4 38.7 6,762.1 12.080.4 8.3 4.703.2 5,603.6 523.7 91.4 615.0 7,377.2 7,528.6 7,559.0 7,569.0 7,536.7 7,534.6 7,552.6 7,481.4 7,639.2 7,590.4 7,590.2 7.377.2 61.1 523.7 544.5 501.6 485.1 483.3 615.0 658.5 634.6 606.9 592.2 561.9 114.0 133.0 121.8 4,572.5 4,525.7 4,572.3 12,101.1 12,121.7 12,141.3 6,870.1 6,961.4 February March 5,638.8 8.4 62.7 62.3 5,620.1 5,615.8 6,962.1 6,944.5 April May 4,624.1 4,646.0 7.9 7.5 62.0 61.9 108.9 12,160.9 12,160.9 12,180.5 12,204.5 12,226.9 12,249.5 12,274.9 104.8 103.2 June July 6,972.7 35.8 42.0 457.0 490.9 5,634.9 4,646.0 4,652.0 4,745.6 4,610.3 4,684.4 4,710.1 4,578.4 7.9 8.0 8.3 7.8 61.9 61.2 490.9 490.7 517.6 485.9 489.1 545.7 103.2 105.0 114.0 104.2 94.2 109.8 6,885.7 7,007.6 37.0 31.8 595.6 631.6 August September 5,582.4 5,666.9 62.4 61.8 7,000.3 7,006.9 7,092.0 33.7 36.3 65.3 590.1 583.3 655.5 October November 12,300.3 12,325.8 7.7 8.5 61.7 December 5.724.0 1987 -61.1 January 5,648.8 6,878.3 70.3 575.0 96.4 671.4 7,549.7 4,799.1 12.348.8 8.9 Standard error of -January 1987

3.9

3.3

8.4

6.5

7.9

6.2

3.4

2.8

18.7

16.3

16.3

13.6

0.1

0.1

0.2

0.1

17.1

18.2

15.8

January 19 estimates

Dec 86 to Jan 87 movements

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Unemployed

Looking for
full-time work

			full-time work	k					
	Employed	•	Aged 15-19		Looking				
			looking		for part-time		Labour	Unemp- loyment	Partici- pation
Month	Full-time workers	Total	for first job	Total	work	Total	force	rate	rate
Honen			-	_	.000 -			- per	cent -
				MALES					
1985 -									
December	3,915.6	4,182.2	24.8	296.7	26.0	322.8	4,504.9	7.2	75.9
1986 -									26.3
Janua ry	3,942.3 3,926.4	4,211.5 ,4,194.5	28.8 28.5	297.7 309.3	29.9 30.2	327.6 339.4	4,539.2 4,533.9	7.2 7.5	76.3 76.1
February March	3,926.1	4,210.7	28.1	302.2	34.8	337.0	4,547.7	7. 4 7.6	76.2 76.4
April.	3,931.75	4,222.5 4,203.7	25.0 23.3	310.2 312.6	34.9 25.4	345.1 338.0	4,567.6 4,541.8	7.4	75.9
May June	3,918.7 3,958.6	4,239.2	25.4	303.3	28.4	331.7	4,570.9	7.3	76.2 75.9
July	3,919.7	4,200.1 4,214.7	27.2 22.1	329.8 324.3	28.4 30.1	358.2 354.4	4,558.2 4,569.1	7.9 7.8	75.9
August September	3,937.0 3,940.0	4,216.5	20.1	336.3	27.2	363.5	4,580.0	7.9	75.9 75.7
October	3,942.0	4,213.0	21.5	335.6 341.9	28.5 28.8	364.1 370.7	4,577.1 4,574.1	8.0 8.1	75.5
November December	3,935.3 3,946.7	4,203.4 4,240.1	21.7 22.1	344.3	31.6	375.9	4,616.0	8.1	76.1
1987 -									
January	3,948.0	4,232.3	22.3	337.3	26.9	364.2	4,596.5	7.9	75.6
				MARRIED FE	MALES				
				TIANKI DD T.D.					
1985 - December	846.4	1,585.5	n.a.	54.7	41.7	96.3	1,681.8	5.7	46.4
		1,303.3		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•	
1986 - January	854.0	1,603.4	n.a.	56.8	39.2	96.0	1,699.3	5.6	46.7
February	875.8	1,606.9	n.a.	57.6	43.0	100.6	1,707.5	5.9	46.9 46.9
March	877.8	1,616.6 1,655.9	n.a. n.a.	52.9 56.7	44.4 43.6	97.3 100.3	1,713.9 1,756.2	5.7 5.7	48.0
April May	897.6 889.0	1,633.9	n.a.	60.6	40.5	101.1	1,735.0	5.8	47.4 47.5
June	886.8	1,652.1	n.a.	54.5 63.7	43.8 42.0	98.4 105.7	1,750.5 1,785.3	5.6 5.9	48.4
July August	904.0 894.5	1,679.6 1,657.1	n.a. n.a.	54.7	45.3	100.0	1,757.1	5.7	47.5
September	897.5	1,677.9	n.a.	58.4	43.6	102.0 102.0	1,779.8 1,789.3	5.7 5.7	47.9 48.3
October November	908.9 897.8	1,687.3 1,685.3	n.a. n.a.	58.7 55.4	43.2 38.8	94.2	1,779.4	5.3	47.9
December	902.4	1,701.2	n.a.	61.8	35.5	97.4	1,798.6	5.4	48.1
1987 -	10. 13.	•			43.6	102.6	1 000 1	5.7	48.3
January	906.1	1,704.5	n.a.	62.0	41.6	103.6	1,808.1	3.7	40.3
				ALL FEMAL	ES				
1985 -									
December	1,656.1	2,663.8	23.3	172.1	74.3	246.4	2,910.3	8.5	47.5
1986 -						240.0	2 047 0	0.4	40.0
January	1,679.1 1,707.5	2,698.9 2,705.4	25.1 24.5	176.5 178.5	71.5 78.1	248.0 256.6	2,947.0 2,962.1	8.4 8.7	48.0 48.2
February March	1,692.7	2,706.8	24.8	173.0	80.3	253.3	2,960.2	8.6 8.5	48.1 48.9
April	1,713.9 1,708.7	2,755.8 2,736.1	18.1 21.8	175.1 173.2	80.7 78.2	255.7 251.4	3,011.5 2,987.5	8.4	48.4
Māy June	1,698.3	2,739.6	19.4	166.4	77.9	244.3	2,983.9	8.2	48.3
July	1,698.0 1,702.8	2,743.0 2,719.5	27.0 25.5	191.1 182.5	83.2 90.0	274.3 272.5	3,017.3 2,992.0	9.1 9.1	48.7 48.2
August September	1,693.8	2,742.1	18.3	193.6	76.9	270.6	3,012.7	9.0	48.5 48.8
October	1,724.3	2,766.5 2,758.7	22.1 24.1	191.6 187.4	81.0 74.6	272.6 262.0	3,039.1 3,020.7	9.0 8.7	48.4
November December	1,712.9 1,708.5	2,776.9	21.8	191.1	73.5	264.6	3,041.5	8.7	48.6
1987 -									
January	1,719.8	2,803.7	23.3	186.4	82.3	268.6	3,072.3	8.7	49.0
		•							
				PERSONS	;			-	
								•	
1985 ~ December	5,571.7	6,846.0	48.1	468.8	100.4	569.2	7,415.2	7.7	61.5
1006	7								
1986 - January	5,621.4	6,910.5	53.9	474.2	101.4	575.7	7,486.1	7.7	62.0 61.9
February	5,634.0	6,899.9 6,917.6	53.0 52.9	487.8 475.2	108.3 115.1	596.1 590.3	7,496.0 7,507.9	8.0 7.9	61.9
March April	5,618.8 5,645.4	6,978.3	43.1	485.3	115.5	600.8	7,579.1	7.9	61.9 62.4
April May	5,627.5	6,939.8	45.1	485.8	103.7	589.5 575 9	7,529.3 7,554.8	7.8 7.6	61.9 62.0
June	5,656.9 5,617.7	6,978.8 6,943.1	44.9 54.2	469.6 520.9	106.3 111.6	575.9 632.5	7,575.5	8.3	62.1
July August	5,639.8	6,934.1	47.6	506.8	120.1	626.9	7,561.1	8.3	61.8
Septembe r	5,633.8	6,958.6	38.3	530.0	104.1	034	7,592.7	8.4	62.0 62.0
October November	5,666.3 5,648.1	6,979.5 6,962.1	43.5 45.8	527.2 529.3	109.4 103.4	636.7 632.7	7,616.1 7,594.8	8.4 8.3	61.7
December	5,655.1	7,016.9	43.9	535.5	105.1	640.6	7,657.5	8.4	62.1
1987 -									
January	5,667.8	7,036.0	45.6	523.7	109.1	632.8	7,668.8	8.3	62.1

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: MARITAL STATUS, JANUARY 1987

		Employed	Unemployed	Unemployed				Civilian		
	Employed 		Looking Looking for full- for part- time work time work Total			Labour	Not in labour	popula- tion aged 15	Unemp- loyment	Partici- pation
	workers	Total			Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
			- '000 -						- pe	r cent -
Males	3,929.0	4,193.6	370.8	31.7	402.4	4,596.1	1,484.8	6,080.9	8.8	75.6
Married Not married	2,605.8 1,323.3	2,708.8 1,484.8	147.4 223.3	5.4 26.3	152.8 249.6	2,861.6 1,734.4	852.9 631.9	3,714.5 2,366.3	5.3 14.4	77.0 73.3
Females Married	1,719.8 901.3	2,684.6 1,603.9	204.2 56.9	64.7 27.9	269.0 84.8	2,953.6 1,688.7	3,314.3 2,057.7	6,267.9 3,746.4	9.1 5.0	47.1 45.1
Not married	818.5	1,080.8	147.3	36.9	184.2	1,264.9	1,256.6	2,521.5	14.6	50.2
Persons	5,648.8	6,878.3	575.0	96.4	671.4	7,549.7	4,799.1	12,348.8	8.9	61.1

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, JANUARY 1987

	Employed		Unemployed	l				Civilian				
State or Territory	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate		
				· - '000	-			- per cent -				
				MA	LES							
New South Wales	1,346.2	1,432.3	141.4	12.1	153.5	1,585.8	529.6	2,115.4	9.7	75.0		
Victoria	1,052.9	1,125.2	73.0	6.0	79.1	1,204.3	388.3	1,592.6	6.6	75.6		
Queensland	622.0	669.1	70.1	6.5	76.6	745.8	229.6	975.4	10.3	76.5		
South Australia	332.3	355.5	33.7	2.6	36.3	391.8	136.5	528.3	9.3	74.2		
Western Australia	364.2	387.4	33.7	2.3	36.0	423.4	129.1	552.6	8.5	76.6		
Tasmania	107.2	112.7	12.5	1.1	13.6	126.3	42.2	168.5	10.8	75.0		
Northern Territory	40.9	42.9	*	•	2.1	45.0	9.4	54.4	4.7	82.8		
Australian Capital												
Territory	63.4	68.4	4.6	•	5.2	73.5	20.2	93.8	7.0	78.4		
Australia	3,929.0	4,193.6	370.8	31.7	402.4	4,596.1	1,484.8	6,080.9	8.8	75.6		
				FEM	ALES							
New South Wales	595.2	902.2	73.8	23.7	97.5	999.7	1,187.8	2,187.5	9.8	45.7		
Victoria	479.7	734.3	48.3	14.6	62.9	797.2	858.4	1,655.7	7.9	48.2		
Queensland	261.7	414.6	37.6	11.4	48.9	463.6	533.4	997.0	10.6	46.5		
South Australia	134.1	234.3	16.4	6.8	23.2	257.6	294.2	551.7	9.0	46.7		
Western Australia	153.0	250.6	18.1	5.1	23.1	273.8	278.9	552.6	8.4	49.5		
Tasmania	41.6	71.3	6.7	1.2	7.8	79.1	95.1	174.2	9.9	45.4		
Northern Territory Australian Capital		25.0	•	•	1.9	26.9	22.5	49.3	6.9	54.5		
Territory	36.5	52.3	2.1	1.5	3.6	55.8 -	44.0	99.9	6.4			
iciticoly	30.3	32.3	2.1	1.3	3.0	33.0	44.0	,,,	0.4	55.9		
Australia	1,719.8	2,684.6	204.2	64.7	269.0	2,953.6	3,314.3	6,267.9	9.1	47.1		
•				PER	SONS							
New South Wales	1,941.5	2,334.5	215.2	35.8	251.0	2,585.5	1,717.4	4,302.9	9.7	60.1		
Victoria	1,532.6	1,859.5	121.4	20.7	142.0	2,001.5	1,246.7	3,248.2	7.1	61.6		
Queensland	883.7	1,083.7	107.6	17.9	125.6	1,209.3	763.0	1,972.4	10.4	61.3		
South Australia	466.4	589.9	50.1	9.4	59.5	649.4	430.6	1,080.0	9.2	60.1		
Western Australia	517.2	638.1	51.8	7.4	59.2	697.2	408.0	1,105.2	8.5	63.1		
Tasmania	148.8	184.0	19.2	2.2	21.5	205.4	137.3	342.7	10.4	59.9		
Northern Territory Australian Capital	58.9	67.9	2.9	•	4.0	71.9	31.8	103.7	5.5	69.3		
Territory	99.9	120.7	6.7	2.0	8.7	129.4	64.2	193.6	6.7	66.8		
Australia	5,648.8	6,878.3	575.0	96.4	671.4	7,549.7	4,799.1	12,348.8	8.9	61.1		

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES(a), JANUARY 1987

			Unemployed					Civilian popula-		
	Employed Full-time		Looking for full-	Looking for part-	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
Capital city	workers	Total	time work	time work	10041	10100	10100	4.14		-
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
				Mi	ALES					
					78.9	989.3	322.1	1,311.4	8.0	75.4
Sydney	856.5	910.4	71.0	7.8 4.6	53.7	865.4	268.4	1,133.8	6.2	76.3
Melbourne	764.5	811.7	49.1	4.4	30.3	333.8	105.3	439.0	9.1	76.0
Brisbane	281.9	303.5 252.3	25.9 24.1	2.0	26.1	278.3	103.8	382.1	9.4	72.8
Adelaide	236.6 249.8	266.0	26.9	2.0	28.9	294.9	91.8	386.7	9.8	76.3
Perth Hobart	42.7	44.3	5.2	*	5.7	50.0	17.6	67.6	11.4	. 74.0
HODATE	44.,								7.0	75.6
Total	2,432.0	2,588.2	202.2	21.3	223.5	2,811.7	909.0	3,720.6	7.9	73.0
				FE	MALES					
			27.5	11.8	49.3	654.7	732.3	1,387.0	7.5	47.2
Sydney	412.1	605.4 545.3	37.5 30.5	12.2	42.7	588.0	601.9	1,189.9	7.3	49.4
Melbourne	364.7	197.3	15.0	5.3	20.3	217.6	253.1	470.8	9.3	46.2
Brisbane	130.1 105.6	175.7	12.5	4.9	17.5	193.1	217.0	410.2	9.0	47.1
Adelaide	114.5	186.9	12.9	4.0	16.8	203.8	206.5	410.3	8.3	49.7
Perth Hobart	19.0	31.8	2.8	•	3.3	35.1	37.2	72.2	9.3	48.5
Total	1,145.9	1,742.4	111.2	38.6	149.8	1,892.2	2,048.1	3,940.3	7.9	48.0
				PE	RSONS					
										60.9
Sydney	1,268.6	1,515.8	108.5	19.6	128.1	1,643.9	1,054.5	2,698.4	7.8	62.5
Melbourne	1,129.2	1,357.0	79.6	16.8	96.4	1,453.4	870.3	2,323.7 909.8	6.6 9.2	60.6
Brisbane	412.0	500.8	40.9	9.7	50.6	551.4	358.4 320.8	792.3	9.2	59.5
Adelaide	342.2	427.9	36.6	6.9	43.5	471.5	320.8 298.3	796.9	9.2	
Perth	364.2	452.9	39.8	6.0	45.7 9.0	498.6 85.1	54.8	139.9	10.5	60.8
Hobart	61.7	76.1	8.0	1.0	9.0	03.1	34.0	200.9		
Total	3,577.9	4,330.6	313.4	60.0	373.3	4,703.9	2,957.1	7,661.0	7.9	61.4

⁽a) Consists of capital city statistical divisions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, JANUARY 1987

				Persons			
		Females		i	Aged	Aged 25 and	
	Males	Married	Total	Aged 15-19	20-24	over	Total
				- '000 -			
Employed full-time workers Part-time workers	. 68.4 63.4 5.0	30.7 20.3 10.4	52.3 36.5 15.8	11.9 5.3 6.5	17.1 16.1	91.7 78.5 13.3	120.7 99.9 20.8
Unemployed Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	5.2 4.6	1.4	3.6 2.1 1.5	3.1 2.0	1.8 1.3	3.9 3.4	8.7 6.7 2.0
Labour force	73.5	32.1	55.8	14.9	18.9	95.6	129.4
Not in labour force Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	20.2 3.9	27.0	44.0 3.1	9.0 7.0	3.7	51.5	64.2 7.0
Civilian population	93.8	59.1	99.9	23.9	22.6	147.1	193.6
			٠.	- per cent -			
Unemployment rate Looking for full-time work Participation rate Employment/population ratio	7.0 6.8 78.4 72.9	4.2 * 54.3 52.0	6.4 5.5 55.9 52.3	20.6 27.9 62.3 49.5	9.4 7.3 83.6 75.7	4.1 4.2 65.0 62.3	6.7 6.3 66.8 62.3
9				- number -			
Average (mean) weekly hours worked by employed persons	28.0	20.9	22.7	20.8	28.7	25.8	25.7
Average (mean) duration of unemployment (weeks)	15.9	•	18.3	15.2	•	18.3	16.9

⁽a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE(a), JANUARY 1987

			Unemployed				Civilian			
	Employed Pull-time Workers	Pull-time		Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15-19	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
				NOT ATTENDI	NG SCHOOL					
Males Females	249.0 192.1	284.7 256.6	75.2 67.6	7.2 11.1	82.4 78.7	367.1	57.6	424.7	22.5	86.4
Persons	441.1	541.3	142.7	18.3	161.1	335.3 702.4	75.1 132.7	410.4 835.0	23.5 22.9	81.7 84.1
Left school - Before 1985	216.5	240.2								
1985	216.5 148.5	240.3 177.4	53.1 32.7	4.0 4.9	57.1 37.6	297.3 215.0	43.0 30.2	340.3 245.3	19.2 17.5	87.4 87.7
1986 to survey date		123.6	57.0	9.4	66.4	190.0	59.5	249.5	35.0	76.2
Nov. or Dec. 1986 Nov. or Dec. 1985	5(b) 47.9 5(c) r 47.4	90.9 80.6	44.1 40.5	8.9 6.6	53.0 47.1	143.9 127.7	52.5 51.5	196.4 179.2	36.8 36.9	73.3 71.3
Nov. or Dec. 1984		74.1	45.6	5.0	50.5	124.6	45.0	169.7	40.5	73.5
Age - 15	15.5									
	15.5 39.6	19.1 51.0	11.7 24.5		13.1 25.8	32.2 76.8	7.2 15.3	39.4 92.1	40.7 33.6	81.7 83.4
16 17	99.2	126.3	35.5	4.4	39.8	166.1	33.1	199.2	24.0	83.4
18 19	129.7 157.2	159.3 185.6	41.2 29.9	6.5 4.7	47.7 34.6	207.0 220.3	43.0 34.0	250.1 254.3	23.0 15.7	82.8 86.6
	22.7.2	103.0	23.3	4.,	34.0	220.3	34.0	234.3	13.7	00.0
				ATTENDING	SCHOOL					
Males	13.2	63.5	6.7	13.0	19.7	83.2	181.6	264.8	23.7	31.4
Females Persons	6.5 19.7	74.2 137.7	5.7 12.4	13.4 26.4	19.1 38.8	93.3	164.1	257.4	20.5	36.3
	19.7	137.7	12.4	20.4	30.0	176.5	345.7	522.2	22.0	33.8
Age - 15	6.3	52.6	4.4	13.2	17.6	70.2	176.9	247.1	25.1	28.4
16 17	9.7	59.3	5.4	9.0	14.4	73.7	116.4	190.1	19.5	38.8
17 18 and 19) (21.6 4.2	*	4.0	6.2	27.7 4.9	42.9	70.6	22.2	39.3
16 4110 19	, 3.6 (4.2	-	-	_	4.9	9.5	14.4	•	34.0
	•			TOTA	L					
Males	262.2	348.2	81.9	20.2	102.1	450.3	239.2	689.5	22.7	65.3
Females Persons	198.6 460.8	330.9 679.0	73.2 155.1	24.5 44.7	97.7 199.9	428.6 878.9	239.2 478.4	667.8 1,357.3	22.8 22.7	64.2 64.8
•		073.0	1,5,1	44.7	177.7	070.9	470.4	14337.3	22.1	04.0
Age - 15	21.8	71.7	16.1	14.6	30.7	102.4	184.1	286.5	30.0	35.7
16	49.3	110.3	29.9	10.3	40.2	150.5	131.7	282.2	26.7	53.3
17 18	101.5 131.0	147.9 163.4	37.7 41.2	8.3 6.8	46.0 48.0	193.8 211.3	76.0 51.3	269.9 262.6	23.7 22.7	71.8 80.5
19 .	157.2	185.8	30.3	4.7	35.0	220.9	35.3	256.1	15.9	86.2

 ⁽a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.
 (b) As the 1987 school year did not commence until after the January survey, some replies to the question on school attendance necessarily reflected intentions at the time of the survey. For this reason estimates from the February survey, when available, should be used in lieu of estimates from the January survey.
 (c) At January 1986. The corresponding estimates published in the January 1986 issue of this publication were incorrect.
 (d) At January 1985. The corresponding estimates published in the January 1985 issue of this publication were incorrect.

TABLE 8. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, JANUARY 1987

	Pmpl gued	Employed -	Unemployed	1				Civilian popula-		
	Full-time Workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 20-24	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000	-		•		- pe	r cent -
Males Females Persons	489.9 363.6 853.4	522.2 435.0 957.2	76.5 48.2 124.7	. * 8.0 10.8	79.3 56.2 135.5	601.5 491.2 1,092.8	60.3 161.0 221.3	661.9 652.2 1,314.1	13.2 11.4 12.4	90.9 75.3 83.2
Age - 20 21 22 23 24	161.7 157.6 176.9 177.8 179.6	184.8 181.0 192.6 199.0 200.0	24.3 31.4 24.8 22.9 21.2) 4.6 () () () 4.8 (26.8 33.7 26.4 26.1 22.6	211.5 214.7 219.0 225.1 222.6	42.9 41.3 43.2 44.1 49.9	254.4 256.0 262.1 269.2 272.4	12.7 15.7 12.1 11.6 10.1	83.1 83.9 83.5 83.6 81.7

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR PORCE BY BIRTHPLACE, JANUARY 1987

	Employed		Unemployed				
	Pull-time Workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate(a)
			- '000 -			- pe	r cent -
			MALES			•	
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa Africa America Asia Lebanon vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	2,902.8 1,026.2 37.8 28.2 136.6 11.8 22.4 744.3 40.5 52.0 100.3 17.9 34.8 14.0 358.4 54.0 79.4	3,112.0 1,081.6 40.1 30.4 145.1 12.0 23.5 779.7 42.6 54.2 104.5 18.3 36.8 14.9 377.6 55.3 86.3 74.7	254.6 116.1 4.6 33.6 7.5 10.9 66.0 3.9 7.1 *	277.9 124.5 4.6 37.6 7.5 12.1 69.0 4.3 7.4 * 35.0 7.4 10.4 8.8	3,389.9 1,206.1 42.9 35.0 182.7 19.6 35.6 848.7 45.4 58.5 111.9 19.2 39.5 17.0 412.6 62.7 96.7 83.5	8.2 10.3 * 13.1 20.6 38.5 34.0 8.1 * 7.4 6.6 * * 8.5 11.8 10.8	76.8 75.4 77.6 74.4 78.6 77.5 82.0 73.7 84.1 77.2 70.8 76.8 71.8 49.6 76.0 75.1 85.0
		M	ARRIED FEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia Lebanon Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	618.4 282.9 13.5 7.0 53.0 * 7.8 189.2 9.6 17.7 19.3 * 6.4 3.6 91.4 20.2 20.2 16.5	1,153.5 450.4 19.4 11.3 70.0 * 7.9 319.2 15.0 25.7 32.7 6.1 14.3 6.5 165.9 27.8 30.5 25.4	33.2 23.7 * * 8.8 * 12.0 * * *	52.3 32.5 * 10.0 * 18.4 * *	1,205.8 482.9 20.1 12.2 80.0 11.0 337.6 15.6 27.1 33.4 6.4 15.7 17.7 175.4 30.0 32.9 26.7	4.3 6.7 ** 12.5 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	45. 2 45. 3 54. 1 44. 7 47. 2 52. 1 43. 8 40. 8 45. 8 31. 0 33. 6 42. 8 34. 8 48. 1 53. 1 53. 3 52. 7
			ALL FEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia Lebanon Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	1,293.8 426.0 19.8 11.8 76.9 13.3 273.4 14.7 20.9 25.9 4.3 8.8 4.9 146.9 23.7 44.1 37.6	2,052.7 631.9 26.9 18.2 99.9 4.0 14.1 22.1 21.0 30.1 40.1 7.4 17.9 8.6 236.4 31.9 59.8 50.7	149.7 54.6 * 15.5 5.8 27.2 * * * 14.4 7.8 5.2	199.2 69.8 ** 19.4 6.7 36.6 ** ** 19.0 4.2 8.5 5.9	2,251.9 701.7 29.6 20.8 119.4 5.4 20.8 463.7 22.5 31.8 41.9 8.0 19.9 10.8 255.4 36.1 68.3 56.6	8.8 9.9 16.3 32.2 7.9 * * * 11.7 12.4 10.4	48.7 45.8 53.9 47.1 48.2 26.0 53:1 43.1 42.7 30.9 42.4 33.0 46.7 51.5 62.9
			PERSONS				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia Lebanon Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	4,196.6 1,452.3 57.6 40.0 213.5 14.6 35.8 1,017.7 55.2 72.9 126.2 22.2 43.6 19.0 505.3 77.7 123.5	5,164.7 1,713.6 67.1 48.7 245.0 37.6 1,206.7 63.6 84.3 144.6 25.7 54.6 614.0 87.2	404.3 170.7 4.6 6.6 49.1 8.7 16.7 93.2 3.9 5.0 8.6 * 4.1 3.6 48.2 9.5 17.3 13.3	477.1 194.3 5.5 7.2 57.1 9.0 18.8 105.7 4.3 6.0 9.1 * 4.2 54.0 11.6 18.9	5,641.8 1,907.9 72.5 55.9 302.1 25.0 56.4 1,312.4 67.9 90.3 153.7 27.1 59.5 27.8 668.0 98.8 165.0 140.0	8.5 10.2 7.5 12.9 18.9 35.8 33.4 8.1 6.4 6.7 5.9 ** 8.1 15.1 8.1 11.8 11.5	62.5 660.9 65.8 61.2 62.9 54.2 68.3 58.9 63.2 62.1 52.4 53.4 58.3 41.5 61.3 74.5

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, JANUARY 1987

				Europe		0		Total			
				U.K.	Other	Oceania			Females		
Period of arrival	Africa	America	Asia	and Ireland	count- ries	New Zealand	Total	Males	Married	Total	Pe rsons
				EMPLOYED	('000)						
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	25.7 16.7 9.6 12.0	14.6 17.2 6.3 8.8	72.3 41.0 62.9 60.0 8.8	402.9 106.3 41.2 47.2 16.3	474.7 53.9 29.9 31.8	25.0 11.4 39.1 34.1 15.8	29.9 16.3 44.6 38.7 16.5	669.3 148.0 116.4 118.4 29.6	269.0 69.9 55.2 49.6 6.8	350.9 103.5 78.0 80.2 19.3	1,020.2 251.5 194.4 198.5 48.9
				UNEMPLOYED	('000)						
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	* * *	} 3.6 { } (8.7 6.0 11.3 21.5 9.6	35.8 9.1)) 6.8	33.6 7.8 (3.5 (5.8	4.7 4.3) 4.2) 6.0 5.6	(59.7 (16.8 16.1 22.4 9.6	11.1 4.7 4.1 8.1 . 4.5	24.6 10.9 9.9 15.6 8.7	84.3 27.7 26.0 38.0 18.3
			L	ABOUR PORC	E ('000)						
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	27.5 17.9 10.1 12.8 4.3	16.1 19.3 7.6 9.9	81.0 47.1 74.2 81.5 18.4	438.8 115.5 44.7 50.5 18.6	508.3 61.7 33.4 37.6 3.5	27.1 12.4 43.8 38.4 18.4	32.7 17.8 50.6 44.3 19.6	729.0 164.7 132.4 140.8 39.2	280.1 74.6 59.3 57.7 11.3	375.5 114.4 88.0 95.8 28.1	1,104.5 279.2 220.4 236.6 67.3
			UNEMP	LOYMENT RA	TE (per	cent)				٠	
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	*) 10.3 { } { } 17.4 { } (10.7 12.9 15.2 26.3 52.2	8.2 7.9 } } 7.1	6.6 12.6 (10.5 (15.4	10.8 11.2) 8.3) 11.9 12.7	(8.2 (10.2 12.1 15.9 24.5	4.0 6.4 6.9 14.0 39.9	6.5 9.6 11.3 16.3 31.1	7.6 9.9 11.8 16.1 27.2
		1	PARTICI	PATION RAT	E(a) (pe	r cent)					
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	59.6 71.5 68.8 71.9 64.1	64.2 63.0 51.9 71.1	59.9 70.8 66.9 62.1 50.6	57.0 74.3 69.3 67.7 73.5	54.4 67.0 73.3 66.8 42.1	59.1 71.4 78.0 87.6 82.9	60.5 72.4 77.1 81.6 82.1	71.1 83.6 84.4 83.0 75.8	41.2 55.6 55.2 50.1 38.4	39.9 58.1 55.4 53.7 50.4	56.2 70.8 69.8 68.0 62.6

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, JANUARY 1987

	Numbe r	('000)				Partici	pation rate	(per cent)		
		Females					Pemales			
			Not					Not		
Age group	. Males	Married	married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	married	Total	Pe rsons
15-64	4,539.8	1,676.8	1,252.9	2,929.7	7,469.4	84.6	50.0	65.1	55.5	70.2
15-19	450.3	10.5	418.1	428.6	878.9	65.0	47.1	64.6	64.0	64.5
15-19 20-24	601.5	147.3	343.9	491.2	1,092.8	90.9	61.1	83.7	75.3	83.2
25-34	1,236.5	507.3	246.9	754.2	1,990.7	94.7	52.1	74.1	57.7	76.2
35-44	1,092.5	572.2	118.5	690.7	1,783.3	93.7	60.2	62.3	60.6	77.3
45-54	720.4	329.9	78.4	408.3	1,128.8	88.7	51.9	54.7	52.4	70.9
45-54 55-59	284.0	81.0	32.3	113.3	397.3	74.9	28.6	36.7	30.5	52.9
60-64	154.4	28.6	14.7	43.3	197.7	44.4	11.4	13.1	12.0	27.9
65 and over	56.3	11.9	12.0	24.0	80.2	7.9	3.0	2.0	2.4	4.7
Total	4.596.1	1.688.7	1.264.9	2.953.6	7.549.7	75.6	45 1	50.2	47 1	61.1

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, JANUARY 1987 (per cent)

	Born in Au	stralia		Born outside Australia				
Age group	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
15-64 15-19	85.1 66.2 92.6	56.6 64.5 75.9	70.8 65.4 84.3	85.0 58.4 88.6	52.8 62.0 74.3	69.4 60.2 81.3		
20-24 25-34 35-44	95.6 94.5	58.1 60.9	76.9 77.7	94.5 93.1	57.1 60.2	75.3 77.2		
45-54 55-59 60-64	89.4 75.0 42.7	53.2 30.9 12.7	71.2 51.6 27.2	87.9 75.8 49.8	51.0 30.0 10.6	70.9 56.7 30.4		
65 and over	9.4	2.7	5.5	5.6	2.6	4.0		
Total	76.8	48.7	62.5	75.4	45.8	60.9		

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, JANUARY 1987 ('000)

				Age	group				
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	262.2 86.0	489.9 32.4	1,096.8 41.4	1,012.0 30.0	654.1 27.0	250.8 13.2	127.7 14.8	35.5 19.9	3,929.0 264.6
Total	348.2	522.2	1,138.2	1,042.0	681.1	264.0	142.4	55.4	4,193.6
			,	ARRIED FEMA	LES				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	6.5	104.4 30.1	271.6 205.5	287.7 261.2	171.5 145.0	40.9 37.8	14.5 14.0	4.2 7.7	901.3 702.5
Total	7.8	134.5	477.0	548.9	316.5	78.7	28.5	11.9	1,603.9
				ALL FEMALE	s				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	198.6 132.3	363.6 71.4	467.2 234.1	368.5 285.7	227.3 159.8	63.3 46.1	22.4 20.5	8.9 15.0	1,719.8 964.8
Total	330.9	435.0	701.3	654.2	387.1	109.4	42.9	24.0	2,684.6
				PERSONS	•				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	460.8 218.2	853.4 103.8	1,564.0 275.5	1,380.5 315.7	881.5 186.7	314.1 59.2	150.0 35.3	44.4 35.0	5,648.8 1,229.4
Total	679.0	957.2	1,839.5	1,696.3	1,068.2	373.4	185.3	79.4	6,878.3

TABLE 14. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, JANUARY 1987

Not Males Married married Total Perso	
Males Married married Total Perso	37.8
NUMBER DURING (1999)	
NUMBER EMPLOYED ('000)	
Weekly hours worked -	
0 1,049.7 479.1 209.1 688.1 1,737	
16-29 221.6 252.1 110.7 362.7 584	34.3
	17.2
	1.0
40 792.2 186.9 226.3 413.2 1,205	
	54. <u>1</u>
	9.7
49 and over 751.9 98.8 49.5 148.3 900	00.1
Total 4,193.6 1,603.9 1,080.8 2,684.6 6,878	18.3
WEEKLY HOURS WORKED	
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million) 132.5 34.2 29.2 63.4 195	5.9
	30.4
	5.5
Average weekly hours worked 31.6 21.3 27.0 23.6 28	
By full-time workers 32.8 28.7 31.3 29.9 31	28.5 31.9
	2.6
Average weekly hours worked by persons who worked one hour or more in the	
	88.1
	3.0
	6.4

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, JANUARY 1987 (per cent)

	Males			Females			
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-19	•	50.1	50.2	34.9	49.9	49.4	49.8
20-24	85.1	77.6	78.9	55.8	73.1	66.7	72.8
25-34	90.2	81.9	87.2	49.0	67.3	53.7	70.4
35-44	91.2	80.1	89.3	57.8	55.3	57.4	73.5
45-54	86.6	70.1	83.8	49.8	49.2	49.7	67.1
55-59	72.8	55.0	69.6	27.8	34.9	29.4	49.7
60-64	42.6	33.9	41.0	11.4	12.9	11.8	26.1
60-64 65 and over	8.5	5.8	7.8	3.0	2.0	2.4	4.7
Total	72.9	62.7	69.0	42.8	42.9	42.8	55.7

TABLE 16. PULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, JANUARY 1987 ('000)

		Females			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Pe rsons
Leave, holiday or flextime Own illness or injury Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. Began or left job in the survey week Stood down, on short time, insufficient work Shift work, standard work arrangements	1,153.9 85.9 5.4 12.8 34.3 56.0	314.7 25.8 * * 7.1 11.8	196.5 21.7 4 4.3 12.5	511.3 47.6 * 5.9 11.4 24.3	1,665.1 133.5 6.3 18.6 45.8 80.3
Other reasons Total	5.9 1,354.2	364.9	239.4	604.3	8.9 1,958.4

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, JANUARY 1987 ('000)

			Age o	group			
						55	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	and over	Total
		MALES					
Total	86.0	32.4	41.4	30.0	27.0	47.9	264.6
Preferred not to work more hours	58.3	16.1	25.6	19.7	18.7	40.3	178.7
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	27.7	16.2	15.8	10.3	8.3	7.5	85.9
in the four weeks to the end of the							
survey week	14.2	10.1	8.9	5.2	3.9	•	44.6
	M	ARRIED FEMAL	ES				
Total	•	30.1	205.5	261.2	145.0	59.5	702.5
Preferred not to work more hours	•	22.6	184.0	234.2	132.6	57.6	631.8
Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	•	7.6	21.5	27.0	12.5	*	70.8
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	•	•	5.0	4.7	•	*	15.2
		ALL FEMALES					
	132.3	71.4	234.1	285.7	159.8	81.6	964.8
Total	91.3	48.5	204.0	250.7	144.3	77.7	816.4
Preferred not to work more hours	41.0	23.0	30.1	35.0	15.5	3.9	148.4
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	41.0	23.0	30.1	33.0	2013	,	
survey week	19.3	11.6	5.9	7.8	•	•	48.0
٠. د		PERSONS					
Mak a l	218.2	103.8	275.5	315.7	186.7	129.4	1,229.4
Total	149.6	64.6	229.6	270.4	163.0	118.0	995.1
Preferred not to work more hours	68.6	39.2	45.9	45.4	23.8	11.4	234.3
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	00.0	37.2	43.7	10			
survey week	33.5	21.7	14.8	13.0	6.9	•	92.6

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, JANUARY 1987

					·			
·				persons survey we			Persons who did not work in the	
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	survey week	Total
		MALES				•		
Total \	31.0	45.0	31.4	43.4	42.9	28.6	42.3	264.6
Preferred not to work more hours	19.2	27.8	21.4	26.4	30.4	22.3	31.2	178.7
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	11.8	17.2	10.0	17.0	12.5	6.3	11.1	85.9
in the four weeks to the this of the	7.2	10.8	6.2	8.6	6.2	•	•	44.6
	MA	ARRIED PEM	ALES					
Total	62.8	93.7	75.8	108.0	110.1	50.2	201.9	702.5
Preferred not to work more hours	53.3	81.8	66.4	96.8	101.1	47.3	185.2	631.8
Preferred not to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	9.5	11.9	9.4	11.2	9.0	•	16.7	70.8
survey week		4.8	*	3.5	•	*	•	15.2
		ALL FEMAL	ES					
Total	93.8	137.2	106.9	148.7	154.1	79.9	244.3	964.8
Preferred not to work more hours	74.9	111.4	85.5	122.8	132.7	70.9	218.2	816.4
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	19.0	25.8	21.4	25.8	21.4	9.0	26.0	148.4
survey week	5.6	10.0	9.1	10.8	6.2	*	*	48.0
		PERSONS	;					
Total	124.8	182.2	138.3	192.0	197.0	108.5	286.6	1,229.4
Preferred not to work more hours	94.1	139.2	106.9	149.2	163.1	93.2	249.4	995.1
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	30.7	43.0	31.4	42.8	33.9	15.3	37.2	234.3
survey weeks to the end of the	12.8	20.9	15.3	19.4	12.4	5.9	5.8	92.6

TABLE 19. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, JANUARY 1987 ('000)

Age group	New South . Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia (a)
			MALES				
15-19 20-24 25-34 35 and over	36.1 29.1 39.5 48.8	19.7 17.4 17.6 24.4	20.1 15.1 17.9 23.5	9.3 6.8 9.7 10.5	10.4 7.2 8.0 10.4	4.3 2.4 3.8 3.1	102.1 79.3 98.3 122.7
Total	153.5	79.1	76.6	36.3	36.0	13.6	402.4
			FEMALES				
15-19 20-24 25-34 35 and over	33.9 19.8 20.8 23.0	24.0 13.7 10.3 15.0	17.3 10.3 9.8 11.6	8.0 4.7 5.1 5.4	8.6 5.2 5.4 3.9 23.1	3.6 1.6 * 1.7	97.7 56.2 52.9 62.1 269.0
Total	97.3	62.3	PERSONS				
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time wo 15-19 20-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55 and over	53.2 44.7 54.2 30.5 19.8 12.8	33.9 29.1 24.5 13.9 10.9 9.0	29.0 23.5 24.4 13.0 12.1 5.7	13.3 10.6 13.1 5.4 4.6 3.2	15.8 11.7 11.8 6.3 4.2	6.8 3.6 4.6 2.5 1.3	155.1 124.7 134.9 72.9 53.9 33.6
Total looking for full-time work	215.2	121.4	107.6	50.1	51.8	19.2	575.0
Total - 15-19 20-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55 and over	69.9 48.9 60.3 35.0 21.8 15.0	43.7 31.1 27.9 17.1 12.9 9.4	37.4 25.4 27.7 15.9 13.3 5.9	17.3 11.6 14.8 7.1 5.2 3.5	19.0 12.4 13.4 7.3 4.8 2.3	7.9 4.0 4.7 2.8 1.5	199.9 135.5 151.2 87.0 60.6 37.2
Total	251.0	142.0	125.6	59.5	59.2	21.5	0/1.4

⁽a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory

TABLE 20. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, JANUARY 1987

		Not attending a		
	Attending school	Left school before 1986	Left school 1986 to survey date	Total
	NUMBE	R ('000)		
Duration of unemployment (weeks) - Under 4 4 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and over Total	12.9 18.8 * 4.0 38.8	11.9 26.5 14.0 42.3 94.7	18.0 37.4 6.4 4.6 66.4	42.7 82.6 23.5 50.9 199.9
	AVERAGE DURATION C	OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weel	ks)	
Mean duration - Males Pemales Persons Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	9.1 10.5 9.8 7.9 10.6	36.9 36.0 36.4 38.7 14.8	9.4 7.4 8.5 8.9 5.5	22.1 21.8 22.0 25.3 10.4
Median duration - Males Pemales Persons Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	5 5 • 5	19 17 18 20	6 6 6 6	8 7 8 8 5

TABLE 21. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, JANUARY 1987

	Number unemployed ('000)					Unemployment rate (per cent)				
	Males		Females			Males		Females		
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Married	Total	Pe rsons
			FOOKING E	OR FULL-T	IME WORK					
Total	147.4	370.8	56.9	204.2	575.0	5.4	8.6	5.9	10.6	9.2
Aged 15-19	•	81.9		73.2	155.1	•	23.8	•	26.9	25.2
Looking for first job	:	35.0 6.7	*	35.3 5.7	70.3 12.4	_ :-	_ :-	_ : ·	_ :-	- :-
Attending school	146.6	288.9	54.2	131.0	419.9	n.a. 5.3	n.a. 7.3	n.a. 5.7	n.a. 7.9	n.a. 7.5
Aged 20 and over 20-24	13.2	76.5	10.1	48.2	124.7	12.1	13.5	8.9	11.7	12.7
Looking for first job	13.2	5.7	*	4.5	10.2		15.5	•••		12.7
25-34	50.1	95.7	20.4	39.2	134.9	6.4	8.0	7.0	7.7	7.9
35-44	36.1	48.6	12.4	24.3	72.9	4.0	4.6	4.1	6.2	5.0
45-54	25.9	37.5	9.8	16.3	53.9	4.4	5.4	5.4	6.7	5.8
55 and over	21.3	30.5	•		33.6	5.7	6.9	•	*	, 6.2
Aged 15-64	147.1	370.3	56.9	204.2	574.6	5.4	8.7	6.0	10.7	9.3
			LOOKING F	OR PART-T	IME WORK					
Total	5.4	31.7	27.9	64.7	96.4	5.0	10.7	3.8	6.3	7.3
Aged 15-19	•	20.2	•	24.5	44.7	*	19.0	•	15.6	17.0
Attending school	_ *	13.0	*	13.4	26.4		20.5	*	16.5	18.3
Aged 20 and over 20-24	5.4	11.5	, 27.9 ,	40.2 8.0	51.7 10.8	5.0	6.0	3.8	4.6 10.1	4.9 9.4
25-34	-	7.3	(9.8	13.7	16.4) 6.6	4.6	5.5	5.6
35-44		1 /.3	(10.8	12.3	14.1	*	, 0.0	4.0	4.1	4.3
45 and over	3.5	4.2	4.6	6.2	10.4	5.7	5.3	2.2	2.5	3.2
Aged 15-64	5.0	31.2	27.9	64.7	96.0	5.3	11.3	3.9	6.4	7.4
				TOTAL						
Total	152.8	402.4	84.8	269.0	671.4	5.3	8.8	5.0	9.1	8.9
Aged 15-19	•	102.1		97.7	199.9	•	22.7	•	22.8	22.7
Attending school	•	19.7	•	19.1	38.8	*	23.7	•	20.5	22.0
Aged 20 and over (a)	152.0	300.3	82.1	171.2	471.6	5.3	7.2	4.9	6.8	7.1
20-24	13.2	79.3	12.8	56.2	135.5	11.7	13.2	8.7	11.4	12.4
25-34	50.8	98.3	30.3	52.9	151.2	6.4	8.0	6.0	7.0 5.3	7.6
35-44	37.2 27.0	50.5 39.3	23.3 13.4	36.5 21.2	87.0 60.6	4.0	4.6 5.5	4.1 4.1	5.3	4.9 5.4
45-54 55-59	14.1	20.0	13.4	3.9	23.9	5.9	7.0	**:	3.5	6.0
60-64	8.8	12.0	•	3.3	12.4	6.8	7.8	*	3.*	6.3
Aged 15-64	152.0	401.6	84.8	269.0	670.6	5.4	8.8	5.1	9.2	9.0

⁽a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, JANUARY 1987

	Number un	employed ('000)		Unemployment rate (per cent)			
	Males	Pemales	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
		BORN IN A	AUSTRALIA				
Total	277.9	199.2	477.1	8.2	8.8	8.5	
Looking for full-time work	254.6	149.7	404.3	8.1	10.4	8.8	
Looking for part-time work	23.3	49.5	72.8	10.0	6.1	7.0	
Aged 15-19	87.0	84.4	171.4	21.5	22.2	21.9	
Aged 20 and over	191.0	114.8	305.7	6.4	6.1	6.3	
20-24	62.7	43.5	106.2	12.5	10.8	11.7	
25-34	68.4	34.6	` 103.0	7.1	6.0	6.7	
35-44	27.4	21.5	49.0	3.7	4.5	4.1	
45-54	17.5	12.6	30.0	3.8	4.5	4.0	
55 and over	15.0	•	17.5	4.6	*	3.8	
Aged 15-64	277.6	199.2	476.8	8.3	8.9	8.5	
		BORN OUTSI	DE AUSTRALIA				
Total	124.5	69.8	194.3	10.3	9.9	10.2	
Looking for full-time work	116.1	54.6	170.7	10.2	11.4	10.5	
Looking for part-time work	8.4	15.2	23.6	13.1	6.9	8.3	
Aged 15-19	15.2	13.3	28.5	32.4	27.7	30.0	
Aged 20 and over	109.3	56.5	165.8	9.4	8.6	9.1	
20-24	16.6	12.7	29.3	16.6	14.6	15.7	
25-34	29.9	18.3	48.2	10.9	10.4	10.7	
35-44	23.1	15.0	38.1	6.4	6.9	6.6	
45-54	21.9	8.7	30.6	8.5	0.0	,.,	
55 and over	17.9	*	19.7	10.6		9.2	
Aged 15-64	124.0	69.8	193.8	10.4	10.0	10.2	

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., JANUARY 1987

•	_							Looking fo	
Duration of		Age						Full-time	Part-time
unemployment (weeks)	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Married	married	work	MOLK
			MALI	ES					
					- '000 -				
Under 2	7.9	7.1	7.7	5.2 7.0	25.3 39.5	9.9 12.8	15.4 26.7	21.4 32.4	3.9 7.0
2 and under 4 4 and under 8	13.3 29.0	14.0	9.6 9.5	8.7	62.9	14.2	48.7	53.5	9.5
8 and under 13	12.2	9.1 12.6	11.2 11.8	8.0 11.1	42.3 51.7	15.2 17.8	27.2 33.8	39.1 48.4) 6.5
13 and under 26 26 and under 39	13.5 8.2	8.9	14.9	9.6	44.8	17.8	27.0	43.1	`}
39 and under 52	7.5	7.8	3.5 7.3	3.6 5.6	14.4 31.1	5.6 12.0	8.8 19.2	14.4 30.0) 4.8
52 and under 65 65 and under 104		4.7	4.7	5.2	18.3	9.3 38.2	9.0 34.0	17.6 70.8)
104 and over	5.2	10.9	18.2	25.7	.72.2			370.8	, 31.7
Total	102.1	79.3	98.3	89.8		152.8	249.6	3/0.8	31.,
					- weeks -				
Average duration -	22.1	40.4	53.1	68.9	48.7	62.9	40.0	51.6	15.4
Mean Median	8	17	24	28	18	26	14	21	6
			PEMA	LES					
					- '000 -				
			7.2	6.6	30.6	11.2	19.4	19.2	11.4
Under 2 2 and under 4	10.2 11.4	6.0 6.9	7.1	7.0	33.0	11.3	21.7	18.3	14.7
4 and under 8	28.1	10.6	9.2 4.6	6.9 3.6	55.4 26.0	13.9 6.0	41.5 19.9	40.6 21.1	14.8 4.9
8 and under 13 13 and under 26	13.2 10.0	4.6 7.1	7.9	6.9	32.4	11.2	21.2	25.6 18.0	6.8 4.3
26 and under 39	7.4	5.9 5.0	3.5	6.3	22.3 11.5	6.7 4.7	15.6 6.8	10.3)
39 and under 52 52 and under 65	8.3	4.9	3.9	4.5	21.7 8.5	5.0 3.6	16.7 4.9	18.8 7.3) 4.1
65 and under 104 104 and over	5.3	3.6 5.5	4.8		27.6	11.2	16.5) 3.8
Total	97.7	56.2	52.9	57.8	269.0	84.8	184.2	204.2	64.7
					- weeks -				
Average duration -									
Mean	21.8 7	34.1 13	33.3 8	50.8 21	33.4 9	38.8 13	30.9 8	38.0 13	18.9 5
Median	•		•						
			PERS	enve					
			1014	, on 5	- '000 -				
								40.6	15.2
Under 2	18.1	9.4 14.0	14.9 16.7	11.8 14.0	55.9 72.5	21.1 24.1	34.8 48.4		21.7
2 and under 4	24.7 57.2	24.6	18.7	15.7	118.3	28.1	90.2	94.0	24.2
4 and under 8 8 and under 13	25.5	13.7 19.7	15.8 19.7	11.6 17.9	68.3 84.0	21.2 29.1	47.1 55.0		8.2 10.0
13 and under 26 26 and under 39	25.5 23.5 15.6	14.7	18.4	15.1	67.1	24.5	42.6	61.2	5.9
39 and under 52 52 and under 65	5.4 15.9	5.7 12.7	6.5 11.3	6.8 10.2	25.9 52.9	10.3 17.0	15.6 35.9	48.9	4.0
65 and under 104 104 and over	3.6	4.6	6.2 23.0	8.0 36.6	26.8 99.8	12.9 49.4	13.9 50.5	24.9	•
104 and over	10.5	16.4				237.6	433.8		
Total	199.9	135.5	151.2	147.6	671.4	237.6	433.8	3/3.0	30.4
•					- weeks -				
Average duration -	22.0	37.8	46.2	61.9	42.6	54.3	36.2	46.8	17.8
Mean Median	8	16	17	26	15	22	12	18	. 5

⁽a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, JANUARY 1987

	Duration	of unem	ployment	(weeks)						
		4 and	8 and	13 and	26 and		65 and	Total		
	Under 4				under 39		over		Females	
Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years	65.8	58.8	41.9	63.4	48.2	48.6	18.1	237.4	107.4	344.8
Industry division or subdivision -										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	4.8	4.2	•	3.9		6.0	•	19.7	•	22.8
Agriculture & services to agriculture	4.7		- 5.6	3.9		5.0		16.9	*	19.8
Manufacturing	12.8	12.1 3.6	9.1	17.1	13.9	11.7		61.4	17.6 4.0	79.1 16.2
Food, beverages and tobacco Metal products				- 5.3 - 3.5	4.0	. 4.4		12.2	4.0	13.8
Other manufacturing	8.5	6.6	5.4	11.9	8.0	7.6		37.2	11.9	49.1
Construction	7.5	7.4	5.6	4.6	5.5	6.0		38.1	*	39.7
Wholesale and retail trade	12.5	12.8	8.8	13.5	10.8	12.7	5.5	45.9	30.8	76.7
Wholesale trade	3.9	4.1		- 5.7		4.4		15.6	3.6	19.2
Retail trade	8.6	8.7	5.8	10.8	8.3	10.9	4.4	30.3	27.2	57.5
Transport and storage		5.2		- 3.7		4.1	*	11.5		13.4
Finance, property & business services	5.5		3.0		- 4.4		•	8.6	7.8	16.4
Public administration and defence		5.0	•	4.8	3.6	3.6	*	13.7	7.5	21.2
Community services	9.0 6.4	6.7 5.5	*	6.4	3.5	5.7		13.0 16.6	18.7	31.7 33.6
Recreation, personal & other services Other industries		4.0	5.0		- 3.8	4.7		9.0	17.0	10.3
other and otted					3.0					
Occupation group -										
Managers and administrators		5.1		3.6	•	*	•	9.8	3.9	13.7
Professionals	4.2	4.3		- 6.5	•	*	•	11.1	6.5	17.6
Para-professionals		4.1		3.3			*	5.9		9.1
	13.0	8.4	8.0	11.0	8.7	9.5	:	57.3	4-4	61.7
Clerks	8.6 10.6	7.2 7.9	3.6 6.0	6.6 7.6	7.0	3.7 8.7		10.3 16.2	24.9 34.1	35.2 50.4
Salespersons and personal service workers Plant and machine operators	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.6	7.7	5.9		29.4	3.9	33.4
Labourers and related workers	19.6	22.4	13.8	24.6	18.3	18.0	7.1	97.3	26.5	123.8
Decoders and refaces workers	25.0		13.0	24.0	10.5	10.0	,	37.5	20.3	123.0
Other	50.6	59.5	26.5	20.6	18.9	30.1	108.5	161.0	153.6	314.6
Looking for first job	27.7	37.0	15.2	7.7	8.2	12.3	12.2	56.9	63.4	120.3
Looking for full-time work	17.9	25.7	11.3	4.9	6.5	11.6	11.5	44.2	45.2	89.3
Othe r	22.9	22.4	11.3	12.9	10.8	17.8	96.3	104.1	90.2	194.4
Stood down	12.0		••	••	••	• • •	,••	4.0	8.0	12.0
Total	128.3	118.3	68.3	84.0	67.1	78.7	126.6	402.4	269.0	671.4

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK(a), JANUARY 1987 ('000)

			Persons			
4	Males	Pemales	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work Wrote, phoned or applied in person to	398.5	261.0	197.2	133.5	328.7	659.4
an employer	289.4	190.5	145.6	99.3	235.0	479.9
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job	12.7	9.1	4.5	4.1	13.1	21.8
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards	51.2	32.7	25.8	15.4	42.8	84.0
Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service	39.9	23.8	17.8	13.1	32.9	63.8
Checked or registered with any other employment agency			•	•	*	•
Advertised or tendered for work	•	*	*	*	•	•
Contacted relatives or friends	3.6	3.5	*	•	*	7.1
Stood down	4.0	8.0	• *	•	7-4	12.0
Total	402.4	269.0	199.9	135.5	336.1	671.4

⁽a) See Explanatory notes, paragraph 13.

TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, JANUARY 1987

	Males			Females				•
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Proportion of population
				- '000 -				- per cent -
15-19	•	242.7	242.8	11.8	228.9	240.7	483.5	35.5
20-24	4.3	56.0	60.3	93.8	67.2	161.0	221.3	16.8
25-34	30.8	38.7	69.5	465.6	86.5	552.1	621.6	23.8
35-44	47.4	26.5	73.8	377.8 '	71.7	449.5	523.4	22.7
45-54	63.5	28.7	92.2	305.7	65.0	370.7	462.9	29.1
55-59	70.4	24.7	95.1	202.5	55.6	258.1	353.2	47.1
60-64	154.2	39.1	193.3	221.3	97.3	318.6	511.9	72.1
65-69	188.8	46.4	235.1	176.7	120.1	296.9	532.0	91.6
70 and over	293.4	129.3	422.7	202.4	464.3	666.6	1,089.3	97.2
Total	852.9	631.9	1,484.8	2,057.7	1,256.6	3,314.3	4,799.1	38.9

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., JANUARY 1987 ('000)

	Males			Females			
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a)	12.6 6.5	25.4 11.9	38.0 18.4	32.5 14.8	27.9 15.8	60.3 30.6	98.3 49.0
Did not take active steps to find work	6.1	13.5	19.6	17.6	12.1	29.7	49.3
Not looking for work	806.6	549.6	1,356.2	2,004.9	1,118.9	3,123.8	4,480.0
Permanently unable to work	12.9	8.3	21.2	5.0	8.9	13.9	35.1
In institutions	20.8	48.6	69.4	15.3	100.9	116.3	185.7
Total	852.9	631.9	1,484.8	2,057.7	1,256.6	3,314.3	4,799.1

⁽a) Not available to start work in the survey week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 28. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (PLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS DECEMBER 1986 AND JANUARY 1987 ('000)

Labour force status in - December 1986	January 1987	Males	Married	Total	Persons
Employed full time	Employed full time	2,970.3	630.1	1,208.8	4,179.1
	Employed part time	44.0	51.3	73.8 .	117.8
	Unemployed	37.4	3.8 ,	14.8	52.2
	Not in the labour force	56.8	34.2	52.5	109.3
Employed part time	Employed full time	47.4	59.7	90.1	137.5
	Employed part time	128.3	465.6	609.0	737.3
	Unemployed	14.1	9.6	23.1	37.3
	Not in the labour force	34.5	99.1	125.8	160.3
Unemployed	Employed full time	30.1	•	14.3	44.5
	Employed part time	13.8	8.1	17.4	31.3
	Unemployed	206.9	31.1	113.1	319.9
	Not in the labour force	48.1	29.1	61.2	109.2
Not in the labour force	Employed full time	30.7	17.5	29.5	60.2
	Employed part time	20.0	35.9	57.3	77.3
	Unemployed	36.3	22.2	53.3	89.6
	Not in the labour force	971.8	1,463.6	2,276.9	3,248.7
T		04.6	64.8	118.6	213.3
Total flows into	Employed	94.6 108.2	80.5	134.0	242.1
	Pull time Part time	77.8	95.3	148.6	226.4
	Unemployed	87.8	35.5	91.2	179.0
	Not in the labour force	139.4	162.4	239.5	378.9
		142.9	146.7	216.3	359.1
Total flows out of	Employed Full time	142.9	89.3	141.1	279.3
	Part time	96.1	168.4	239.0	335.1
	Unemployed	92.0	40.5	92.9	185.0
	Not in the labour force	86.9	75.5	140.2	227.1
	not in the 1400th force				-
Total changes of status		321.8	262.7	449.4	771.2
Population represented by the	matched sample	4,690.5	2,964.1	4,821.1	9,511.6

TABLE 29. FAMILY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, JANUARY 1987

			Labour	Not in labour	Civilian population aged 15 and over			
	Employed	Unemployed	force	force	Males	. Females	Persons	
		NUMBER ('00	0)					
Member of a family	5,567.4	526.9	6,094.4	3,681.2	4,849.5	4,926.1	9,775.6	
Husband or wife	4,068.7	221.6	4,290.3	2,720.9	3,505.9	3,505.2	7,011.1	
With children aged 0-14 present	2,173.9	140.4	2,314.3	903.8	1,617.1	1,601.0	3,218.1	
Without children aged 0-14 present	1,894.8	81.2	1,976.0	1,817.1	1,888.9	1,904.2	3,793.1	
With dependents present(a)	2,453.6	147.8	2,601.4	1,007.7	1,811.0	1,798.1	3,609.1	
Without dependents present(a)	1,615.1	73.8	1,688.8	1,713.2	1,694.9	1,707.1	3,402.0	
Not-married family head	204.3	29.6	233.9	319.4	107.8	445.4	553.3	
With children aged 0-14 present	93.9	13.8	107.7	153.4	27.5	233.6	261.1	
Without children aged 0-14 present	110.4	15.8	126.2	166.0	80.3	211.9	292.2	
With dependents present(a)	119.4	18.0	137.4	169.2	38.6	268.0	306.6	
Without dependents present(a)	84.9	11.6	96.5	150.2	69.3	177.5	246.7	
Full-time student aged 15-24(b)	188.1	51.0	239.1	371.7	. 313.6	297.2	610.8	
Other child(c) of family head	1,037.2	208.4	1,245.6	151.2	843.2	553.6	1,396.7	
Other relative of family head	69.2 900.0	16.3	85.5 9 99.6	118.1	79.0 807.7	124.7	203.7	
Not a member of a family	411.0	99.6	443.8	646.1 568.3	431.0	838.0 581.1	1,645.7 1,012.1	
Living alone		32.9						
Not living alone	489.0	66.8	555.8	77.8	376.7	257.0	633.6	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was determined	6,467.4	626.5	7,094.0	4,327.3	5,657.2	5,764.1	11,421.3	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was not determined	126.0	12.5	138.5	71.4	85.8	124.0	209.8	
Total usual residents of private	6,593.4	639.0	7,232.4	4,398.7	5,743.0	5,888.1	11,631.1	
dwellings			147.0	107.3	122.1	132.2	254.3	
Visitors to private dwellings Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	132.2	14.8 17.6	170.2	293.1	215.7	247.6	463.3	
•								
Total	6,878.3	671.4	7,549.7	4,799.1	6,080.9	6,267.9	12,348.8	
	PRO	PORTION OF TOTA	L (per cent)					
Member of a family	80.9	78.5	80.7	76.7	79.7	78.6	79.2	
Husband or wife	59.2	33.0	56.8	56.7	57.7	55.9	56.8	
With children aged 0-14 present	31.6	20.9	30.7	18.8	26.6	25.5	26.1	
Without children aged 0-14 present	27.5	12.1	26.2	37.9	31.1	30.4	30.7	
With dependents present(a)	35.7	22.0	34.5	21.0	29.8	28.7	29.2	
Without dependents present(a)	23.5	11.0	22.4	35.7	27.9	27.2	27.5	
Not-married family head	3.0	4.4	3.1	6.7	1.8	7.1	4.5	
With children aged 0-14 present	1.4	2.1	1.4	3.2 3.5	0.5 1.3	3.7 3.4	2.1 2.4	
Without children aged 0-14 present	1.6	2.3	1.7					
With dependents present(a)	1.7 1.2	2.7 1.7	1.8 1.3	3.5 3.1	0.6 1.1	4.3 2.8	2.5 2.0	
Without dependents present(a)	2.7	7.6	3.2	7.7	5.2	4.7	4.9	
Full-time student aged 15-24(b)	15.1	31.0	16.5	3.1	13.9	8.8	11.3	
Other child(c) of family head	13.1	2.4	1.1	2.5	1.3	2.0	1.6	
Other relative of family head	13.1	14.8	13.2	13.5	13.3	13.4	13.3	
Not a member of a family Living alone	6.0	4.9	5.9	11.8	7.1	9.3	8.2	
Not living alone	7.1	9.9	7.4	1.6	6.2	4.1	5.1	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was determined	94.0	93.3	94.0	90.2	93.0	92.0	92.5	
Usual resident of a private dwelling	54.0	,,,,	,4.0	,	,,,,	,1.0	,,,,	
where family status was not determined Total usual residents of private	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.7	
dwellings	95.9	95.2	95.8	91.7	94.4	93.9	94.2	
Visitors to private dwellings	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1	
Persons enumerated in non-private							=	
dwellings	2.2	2.6	2.3	6.1	3.5	4.0	3.8	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

 ⁽a) Previously described as dependent children. See paragraph 30 in the Explanatory notes.
 (b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.
 (c) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 30. FAMILY STATUS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(a), JANUARY 1987

				Unemploye	ed					
•	Employed			Looking				Civilian		
	Full- time	Part- time		for full- time		Labour	Not in labour	populat- ion aged 15 and	Unemp- loyment	Partici- pation
	workers	workers	Total	work	Total	force	force	over	rate	rate
				-	'000 -				- per	cent -
			MALES							
Member of a family	3,183.2	212.7	3,395.9	285.0	311.4	3,707.3	1,142.2	4,849.5	8.4	76.4
Husband	2,465.8	98.2	2,563.9	137.4	142.8	2,706.7	799.2		5.3	77.2
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	1,405.3	36.0 62.2	1,441.3 1,122.6	89.4 48.0	91.6 51.2	1,532.9 1,173.8	84.2 715.0	1,888.9	6.0 4.4	94.8 62.1
With dependents present(b) Without dependents present(b)	1,566.9 898.9	42.6 55.5	1,609.5 954.4	93.0 44.4	95.5 47.3	1,705.0 1,001.7	106.0 693.2	1,811.0 1,694.9	5.6 4.7	94.1 59.1
Not-married family head	62.2	5.4	.67.6	6.2	6.2	73.8	34.0	107.8 27.5	8.4	68.5 78.2
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	18.2 44.0	•	20.2 47.4 28.1	4.9	4.9	21.5 52.3 31.1	6.0 28.0 7.5	80.3 38.6	9.3	65.1 80.6
With dependents present(b) Without dependents present(b)	25.6 36.5	•	39.5	*	•	42.7	26.5	69.3	*	61.7
Full-time student aged 15-24(c)	28.3	63.9	92.1	10.1	25.2	117.3	196.3	313.6	21.5	37.4
Other child(d) of family head	589.2	43.3	632.5	121.2	126.5	759.0	84.2	843.2	16.7	90.0
Other relative of family head	37.9	•	39.8	10.1	10.7	50.5	28.5	79.0	21.1	63.9
Not a member of a family	525.4	33.8	559.2	59.6	62.6	621.8	185.9	807.7	10.1	77.0
Living alone Not living alone	246.0 279.5	15.7 18.1	261.7 297.6	22.2 37.4	23.1 39.5	284.7 337.1	146.3 39.6	431.0 376.7	8.1 11.7	66.1 89.5
Total	3,708.7	246.5	3,955.1	344.6	374.0	4,329.1	1,328.1	5,657.2	8.6	76.5
			FEMALE	s .						
Member of a family	1,316.8	854.7	2,171.5	158.1	215.5	2,387.0	2,539.1	4,926.1	9.0	48.5
Wife	842.2	662.5	1,504.7	52.3	78.8	1,583.5	1,921.7	3,505.2	5.0	. 45.2
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present.		409.0 253.5	732.5 772.2	28.6 23.7	48.9 29.9	781.4 802.1	819.6 1,102.1	1,904.2	6.3 3.7	48.8 42.1
With dependents present(b) Without dependents present(b)	386.7 455.4	457.4 205.2	844.1 660.6	31.0 21.3	52.3 26.5	896.4 687.1	901.7 1,020.0	1,798.1 1,707.1	5.8 3.9	49.9 40.2
Not-married family head	93.0	43.7	136.7	17.8	23.4	160.1 86.2	285.4 147.4	445.4 233.6	14.6 14.5	35.9 36.9
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	45.0 48.0	28.7 15.0	73.7 63.0	8.3 9.4	12.5	73.9	138.0	211.9 268.0	14.8	34.9 39.7
<pre>with dependents present(b) without dependents present(b)</pre>	58.7 34.3	32.6 11.1	91.3 45.4	10.3 7.5	15.0 8.4	106.3 53.8	161.7 123.7	177.5	15.6	30.3
Full-time student aged 15-24(c)	11.9	84.1	96.0	7.5	25.8	121.8	175.5	297.2	21.2	41.0
Other child(d) of family head	345.9	58.8	404.7	74.9	81.9	486.6	66.9	553.6	16.8	87.9
Other relative of family head	23.9	5.5	29.4	5.7	5.7	35.1	89.6	124.7	16.1	28.1
Not a member of a family	290.8	50.0	340.8	33.7	37.0	377.8	460.2	838.0	9.8	45.1
Living alone Not living alone	121.5 169.3	27.8 22.2	149.3 191.5	8.8 24.8	9.8 27.2	159.1 218.7	422.0 38.2	581.1 257.0	6.2 12.4	27.4 85.1
Total	1,607.6	904.7	2,512.3	191.8	252.6	2,764.9	2,999.3	5,764.1	9.1	48.0
			PERSON	s						
Member of a family	4.500.1	1,067.4	5,567.4	443.1	526.9	6,094.4	3.681.2	9.775.6	8.6	62.3
	3,308.0	760.7	4,068.7	189.7		4,290.3	2,720.9		5.2	61.2
Husband or wife With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	1,728.9	445.0 315.7	2,173.9	118.0	140.4	2,314.3 1,976.0	903.8	3,218.1	6.1 4.1	71.9 52.1
With dependents present(b) Without dependents present(b)	1,953.6	500.0	2,453.6	124.0 65.7	147.8 73.8		1,007.7		5.7 4.4	72.1 49.6
Not-married family head	155.2	49.1	204.3	24.0	29.6	233.9	319.4	553.3	12.7	42.3
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	63.2 92.0	30.7 18.4	93.9 110.4	9.7 14.3	13.8 15.8	107.7 126.2	153.4 166.0	261.1 292.2	12.8 12.5	41.3 43.2
With dependents present(b) Without dependents present(b)	84.3 70.8	35.1 14.1	119.4	13.3	18.0 11.6	137.4 96.5	169.2 150.2		13.1 12.0	44.8 39.1
Full-time student aged 15-24(c)	40.1	147.9	188.1	17.6	51.0	239.1	371.7		21.3	39.1
Other child(d) of family head	935.0		1,037.2	196.1	208.4	1,245.6	151.2	1,396.7	16.7	89.2
Other relative of family head	61.8	7.5	69.2	15.7	16.3	85.5	118.1	203.7	19.1	42.0
Not a member of a family	816.2	83.8	900.0	93.3	99.6	999.6	646.1	1,645.7	10.0	60.7
Living alone	367.5	43.5	411.0	31.0	32.9 66.8	443.8 555.8	568.3 77.8	1,012.1 633.6	7.4 12.0	43.9 87.7
Not living alone	448.8	40.3	489.0	62.2 536.4		7,094.0		11,421.3	8.8	62.1
Total	3,310.3	1,131.1	0,407.4	JJ0.4	020.3	.,054.0	-,,	,		

 ⁽a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory notes.
 (b) Previously described as dependent children. See paragraph 30 in the Explanatory notes.
 (c) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.
 (d) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 31. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS(b), JANUARY 1987 ('000 families)

	None emp	oloyed		One empl	loyed		Two or	more empl	oyed	Total		
Number of family members(c)	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp-	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total
			•	MARRI ED	-COUPLE F	AMILIES						
Two Three Four Five Six or more	536.8 38.4 22.4 9.7 6.3	28.9 30.7 31.7 18.1 15.9	565.7 69.1 54.0 27.8 22.1	230.7 236.8 290.2 149.2 51.2	20.0 30.3 35.3 20.5	250.7 267.1 325.5 169.6 61.5	428.8 337.8 497.7 228.7 91.0	14.7 41.7 35.6 21.1	428.8 352.5 539.4 264.3 112.1	1,196.3 613.0 810.3 387.6 148.4	48.9 75.6 108.6 74.1 47.2	1,245.2 688.7 918.9 461.7 195.7
Total	613.5	125.2	738.7	958.1	116.3	1,074.4	1,584.1	113.0	1,697.1	3,155.6	354.6	3,510.2
			ОТ	HER FAMIL	IES WITH	A MALE HE	AD					
Two Three Four or more	11.9	5.4	17.2)) 5.2	26.9 (8.0 (*	5.9 *	32.7 10.2 3.9	28.0 8.2	•	28.0 9.0	66.7 18.0 6.1	11.2 4.4	78.0 22.4 8.7
Total	15.0	7.4	22.4	37.8	9.1	46.9	38.0	*	39.8	90.9	18.2	109.1
			ОТН	ER FAMILI	ES WITH A	FEMALE H	EAD					
Two Three Pour Five or more Total	92.0 47.6 19.2 7.3	21.6 12.3 3.8 *	113.6 59.9 23.0 9.5	91.2 36.0 12.9 3.5	8.8 7.5 4.1 *	100.0 43.5 17.0 5.0	29.9 24.7 11.7 3.7	6.2	29.9 27.3 14.7 4.4 76.4	213.2 108.4 43.9 14.5	30.4 22.3 10.8 4.4	243.6 130.7 54.7 18.9 448.1
				OTHER	FAMILIES	: TOTAL						
Two Three Four Five Six or more	103.9 49.5 19.6 6.0	26.9 13.6 4.1	130.8 63.1 23.7 7.3 3.5	118.1 44.1 15.0 3.5	14.7 9.7 4.9	132.8 53.7 19.9 5.2	57.9 32.9 12.8)	3.7 (*	57.9 36.3 16.5 3.7	279.9 126.4 47.5 12.5 4.5	41.6 26.7 12.7 3.6	321.6 153.1 60.1 16.2 6.0
Total	181.2	47.2	228.4	181.6	31.0	212.6	108.2	8.0	116.1	470.9	86.2	557.1
				AL	L FAMILIE	:s						
Two Three Four Five Six or more	640.7 87.9 42.0 15.6 8.5	55.8 44.3 35.7 19.5 17.1	696.5 132.2 77.7 35.1 25.6	348.7 280.9 305.2 152.7 52.1	34.7 39.9 40.2 22.2 10.3	383.5 320.8 345.4 174.8 62.4	486.8 370.7 510.5 231.8 92.3	18.1 45.3 36.2 21.4	486.8 388.8 555.9 268.0 113.7	1,476.2 739.5 857.8 400.1 152.9	90.6 102.3 121.3 77.8 48.8	1,566.8 841.8 979.0 477.9 201.7
Total	794.7	172.4	967.1	1,139.7	147.3	1,287.0	1,692.2	121.0	1,813.2	3,626.6	440.8	4,067.3

 ⁽a) See Explanatory notes for details of exclusions to family tables.
 (b) Employment status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
 (c) Of any age.

TABLE 32. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF CHILDREN AGED 0-14 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS PRESENT(b), AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS(c), JANUARY 1987
('000 families)

	Number	of children a present	ged 0-14		dependents		
	None	One	Two or more	None	One	Two or more	Total
	210 5544						
		II.Y MEMBER EM					
Married-couple families	€10.9	43.2	84.6	601.1	44.8	92.8	738.7
One or both spouses unemployed(d) Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour	34.5 7.6	23.4 4.6	52.8 8.7	33.4 7.6	22.4 4.1	54.8 9.3	110.7 20.9
force	24.9	17.6	42.8	24.1	17.1	44.2	85.4
Neither spouse unemployed	576.4	19.8	31.9	567.6	22.4	38.0	628.0
Other families	78.6	80.3	69.5	67.1	81.1	80.2	228.4
Family head unemployed Male head unemployed	7.7	9.5	4.0	5.6	9.9	5.7	21.2 3.6
Female head unemployed	5.5	8.6	3.6	4.2	8.3	5.1	17.6
Family head not unemployed Male head not in the labour force	70.8 13.2	70.8	65.5	61.5 12.0	71.2 4.1	74.5	207.2 18.9
Female head not in the labour force	57.6	67.4	63.3	49.5	67.1	71.7	188.3
All families	689.4	123.5	154.2	668.2	125.9	173.0	967.1
	ONE OR MORE	FAMILY MEMB	ERS EMPLOYED				
Married-couple families	1,291.9	542.7	936.9	1,104.4	553.1	1,113.7	2,771.5
One or both spouses unemployed(d)	37.7	20.3	29.3	32.0	20.9	34.5	87.3
Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed	18.7 10.4	12.5 4.8	20.1 6.7	16.1 9.4	12.6 5.1	22.7 7.4	51.4 21.9
Rusband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour	•	•	•	•	*		*
force	6.8			5.3	*	*	11.5
Neither spouse unemployed Husband employed, wife employed Husband employed, wife not in the labour	1,254.2 711.2	522.4 274.8	907.6 429.5	1,072.4 606.1	532.2 277.0	1,079.2 532.4	2,684.2 1,415.5
force Husband not in the labour force, wife	402.6	231.2	464.0	339.2	233.6	524.8	1,097.9
employed Husband not in the labour force, wife not	51.0	9.4	9.9	45.2	10.2	15.0	70.3
in the labour force	89.3	7.0	4.1	. 81.9	11.5	7.1	100.4
Other families	217.4	70.8	40.5	182.9	88.6	57.2	328.7
Family head unemployed Male head unemployed	8.0	*	•	6.0	*	*	8.3
Female head unemployed	5.4	. •	•	4.2	*	•	5.7
Family head not unemployed Male head employed	209.4 48.1	70.5 12.4	40.5 7.7	177.0 40.1	86.7 18.3	56.8 9.8	320.4 68.3
Female head employed Male head not in the labour force	63.9 15.4	46.2	27.7	46.1 15.2	53.8	38.0	137.9 15.7
Female head not in the labour force	82.0	11.6	5.0	75.7	14.3	8.6	98.6
All families	1,509.3	613.5	977.4	1,287.4	641.7	1,170.9	3,100.3
		TOTAL					
Married-couple families	1,902.7	585.9	1,021.5	1,705.5	597.9	1,206.5	3,510.2
One or both spouses unemployed(d)	72.2	43.7	82.1	65.4	43.3	89.3	198.0
Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed	18.7 10.4	12.5 4.8	20.1 6.7	16.1 9.4	12.6 5.1	22.7 7.4	51.4 21.9
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	9.4 31.7	5.0 20.2	9.1 44.9	8.8	4.3 19.9	10.4	23.4
Neither spouse unemployed	1,830.5	542.2	939.5	29.4	554.6	47.6 1,117.2	96.9 3,312.2
Husband employed, wife employed Husband employed, wife not in the labour	711.2	274.8	429.5	606.1	277.0	532.4	1,415.5
force Husband not in the labour force, wife	402.6	231.2	464.0	339.2	233.6	524.8	1,097.9
<pre>employed Husband not in the labour force, wife not</pre>	51.0	9.4	9.9	45.2	10.2	15.0	70.3
in the labour force	665.7	26.8	35.9	649.5	33.8	45.1	728.5
Other families	296.0	151.1	110.1	250.1	169.7	137.4	557.1
Family head unemployed Male head unemployed	15.7 4.8	9.8	4.0	11.6	11.8	6.2	29.5 6.2
Female head unemployed	10.9	8.9	3.6	8.4	9.4	5.5	23.3
Family head not unemployed Male head employed	280.2 48.1	141.3 12.4	106.1 7.7	238.5 40.1	157.9 18.3	131.2 9.8	527.6 68.3
Female head employed Male head not in the labour force	63.9 28.6	46.2 3.6	27.7	46.1 27.2	53.8 4.3	38.0	137.9 34.6
Female head not in the labour force	139.6	79.0	68.3	125.1	81.4	80.3	286.9
All families	2,198.7	737.0	1,131.6	1,955.6	767.5	1,343.9	4,067.3

 ⁽a) See Explanatory notes for details of exclusions to family tables.
 (b) Previously described as dependent children. See paragraph 30 in the Explanatory notes.
 (c) Labour force status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
 (d) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed.

TECHNICAL NOTE

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1981* (6204.0).

Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.
- 4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B.
- 5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. For the labour force survey, estimates which have a relative standard error larger than 25 per cent are not published. In the tables in this publication, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included but are indicated with a '*'. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.

- The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.11. Standard errors of quarterly movements calculated this way will not necessarily agree with those obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B by 1.5, which was the method shown in the June 1985 and previous issues of this publication. This is because Tables A and B are derived independently of each other. Standard errors of all annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.3. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.
- 8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
 - (a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 370,800 unemployed males looking for full-time work in January 1987 has a standard error of about 6,700. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 364,100 to 377,500 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 357,400 to 384,200.

Published estimate

357,400 364,100 370,800 377,500 384,200

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from December 1986 to January 1987 is an increase of 22,500. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the January 1987 estimate (370,800) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,200. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all

dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range +17,300 to +27,700 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range +12,100 to +32,900

Estimated movement

+12,100 +17,300 +22,500 +27,700 +32,900

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.7 Average duration of unemployment: 1.3 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page. Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In January the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 18 weeks (from Table 23) and the number unemployed was estimated as 402,400. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (402,400) has a standard error of about 6,900 and therefore a relative standard error of about 1.7 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (1.7) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): 1.7 x 2.0 = 3.4

per cent. The standard error of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 3.4 per cent of 18, i.e. about 1. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 17 to 19 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 16 to 20 weeks.

11. Proportions and percentages (for example, participation rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

$$RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$$

- 12. Standard errors contained in Tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly labour force survey estimates. Recent analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in Tables A and B, while standard errors for unemployment and not in the labour force are approximately 3 per cent and 11 per cent respectively higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors of estimates of persons born in Australia are approximately the same as those shown in Tables A and B. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are about 15 per cent higher. The standard errors vary for individual countries of birth, but are generally less than 10 per cent higher.
- 13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	<i>N.T</i> .	A.C.T.	Austr	alia
	— number —								per cent of estimate	
1,000 1,300 1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 20,000 50,000 100,000 200,000 300,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	950 1,000 1,050 1,150 1,450 2,000 2,900 3,850 5,100 5,900 7,200 9,200 11,600	960 1,000 1,050 1,150 1,450 1,950 2,850 3,700 4,750 5,500 6,500 8,100 9,900	690 750 800 840 880 960 1,200 1,650 2,350 3,050 3,950 4,500 5,300 6,600	430 460 500 550 590 620 650 690 740 920 1,200 1,700 2,200 2,750 3,100 3,650	480 530 580 620 660 690 720 780 970 1,300 2,300 2,350 3,350 3,900	250 280 300 330 340 380 410 440 460 480 500 540 660 860 1,150 1,450 1,750	410 430 470 500 530 560 590 610 650 790 1,050 1,450	310 330 350 370 400 430 450 470 500 510 550 650 810 1,050 1,250	820 880 930 980 1,100 1,400 1,950 2,950 3,950 5,300 6,200 7,500 9,700 12,300 16,500	23.4 21.9 20.7 19.6 17.9 13.9 9.6 5.9 3.9 2.6 2.1 1.5 1.0 6

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS

Size of larger estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia
1,000			•			230			
1,300						250		270	
1,500						270		290	
1,800				390		280	360	310	
2,000				410	420	300	370	320	
2,500			. <u></u>	440	450	320	410	340	
3,000			680	470	490	340	440	370	
3,500			720	500	520	360	470	390	920
4,000	870	920	760	530	540	370	490	400	960
4,500	910	960	790	550	570	390	520	420	1,000
5,000	950	990	820	570	590	400	540	440	1,050
6,000	1,000	1,050	880	610	630	430	580	470	1,100
10,000	1,250	1,250	1,050	740	760	510	710	560	1,350
20,000	1,600	1,600	1,350	960	980	650	930	710	1,750
50,000	2,300	2,250	1,900	1,350	1,400	890	1,350	980	2,500
100,000	3,050	2,850	2,450	1,750	1,800	1,150	.,	1,300	3,200
200,000	3,950	3,650	3,150	2,250	2,300	1,450		.,	4,150
300,000	4,650	4,200	3,650	2,650	2,650	.,			4,850
500,000	5,700	5,100	4,400	3,200	3,200				5,900
1,000,000	7,400	6,500	5,600	-,500	-,300				7,600
2,000,000	9,700	8,300	2,300						9,800
5,000,000	2,700	0,500							13,900

TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.	
Estimates classified by—			_			·				
Aggregate hours worked	5,600	5,600	4,200	2,500	2,800	1,400	2,400	1,800	5,100	
Average hours worked	2,000	2,000	1,500	900	1,000	500	1,000	700	1,600	
Average (mean) duration of	•••	•	,		•					
unemployment	6,500	6,500	4,900	2,900	3,200	1,600	2,800	2,000	6,000	
Median duration of unemployment	14,400	14,100	10.800	6,300	6,900	3,500	5,600	4,000	13,900	
All other estimates	4,000	4,000	3,000	1,800	2,000	1,000	1,800	1,300	3,500	

⁽a) See paragraph 9, page 34.

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia, March-May 1982 Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1983 to April 1984 Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980 Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, September to November 1982 Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived After 1960, Australia, March 1984 Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a) Evening and Night Work, November 1976	6341.0 6317.0 3406.0 6243.0 6250.0 4402.0 4212.0 6203.3 6334.0 6234.0
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1983 to April 1984 Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980 Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, September to November 1982 Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived After 1960, Australia, March 1984 Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	3406.0 6243.0 6250.0 4402.0 4212.0 6203.3 6334.0
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, September to November 1982 Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived After 1960, Australia, March 1984 Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	6243.0 6250.0 4402.0 4212.0 6203.3 6334.0
Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived After 1960, Australia, March 1984 Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	6250.0 4402.0 4212.0 6203.3 6334.0
Australia, March 1984 Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	4402.0 4212.0 6203.3 6334.0
Australia, March 1984 Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	4402.0 4212.0 6203.3 6334.0
Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	4212.0 6203.3 6334.0
Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	6203.3 6334.0
Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland) Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	6334.0
Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1986 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	
Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	6234.0
— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6329.0
Frequency of Pay, August 1974, 1976 and 1977	6320.0
Income and Housing Survey, 1981-82—	
Income of Individuals	6502.0
Income Distribution, Australia: Income Units	6523.0
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia. Annually. Latest issue June 1986	6222.0
Job Tenure. Latest issue August 1976	6211.0
Journey to Work and Journey to School, May 1970; August 1974	9205.0
Labour Force Experience. Annually, Latest issue February 1986	6206.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1986	6235.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families. Annually. Latest issue July 1985	6224.0
Labour Mobility. Annually. Latest issue February 1986	6209.0
Migrants in the Labour Force, 1972 to 1976(a)	6230.0
Multiple Jobholding. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1985	6216.0
Persons Retired from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1983	6238.0
Persons Who Intended to Retire from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1984	6258.0
Persons Aged 15 to 64 Years: Employment Status and Period Since Leaving School, May 1976	6225.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Twice-yearly. Latest issue September 1986	6220.0
Persons who had re-entered the Labour Force, Australia, May 1985	6264.0
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia, November 1985	6267.0
Post School Qualifications of Tradesmen and Other Employed Persons, New South Wales, November 1979	6202.1
School Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Their Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975	6226.0
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, (previously Methods of Obtaining Jobs) June 1986	6245.0
Superannuation, Australia, February 1974; September to November 1982	6319.0
Survey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977	6229.0
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Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981 Working Hours Arrangements—Supplementary Tables, Australia, February-May 1981	6339.0

⁽a) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication.